5 SEM TDC DSE HIS (CBCS) 2 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-2

(History of Modern Assam : 1826-1947)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions:

1×8≂8

- (a) What was Kharikatana?
 - (b) In which year was stamp duty introduced in Assam?
 - (c) Who was the first Chief Commissioner of Assam?
 - (d) In which year did the famous Peasant Uprising of Phulaguri take place?

Write a note on the administrative system of

	4		•		
	(e)	Where was the first Conference of Asom Association organized?	4.	Describe how Assam was placed under the Chief Commissoner's rule.	12
	(f)	In which year was the Tribal League		Or	
	0,	formed?		Discuss the causes of the Revolt of 1857 in Assam. Critically review the role of	
	(g)	Which Chief Minister of Assam started the Land Development Scheme?			l=12
	(h)	, B I B I , F F		Analyze the factors leading to the growth of national consciousness in Assam.	
		which group?		Or	
2.		te short notes on any <i>three</i> of the owing:		Write a note on the Swadeshi Movement in Assam.	
	(a)	Gomdhar Konwar's Revolt	6.	What is dyarchy? Review the proceedings of	
	(b)	Khamti Rebellion		Assam Provincial Assembly constituted during dyarchy.	12
	(c)	Jorhat Sarbajanik Sabha		Or	
	(d)	Tribal League		Give an account of the Civil Disobedience Movement in Assam.	
	(e)	Grouping Controversy	7.	Write an essay on the Trade Union Movement in Assam.	12
3.		russ the political condition of Assam on		Or	
	the eve of the British rule. 12 Or			Write a note on the line system.	

David Scott.

5 SEM TDC DSE PSC (CBCS) 2 (A/B) (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-2

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Paper: DSE-2A

(Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective)

- **1.** Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 8 = 8$
 - (a) "I am because we are, and because we are therefore I am." Who said this?
 - (b) Which Article of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights tells that the right of nationality depends on one's wish?

- Who is the custodian Fundamental Rights of Indian Citizens? the
- (d) If a 12-year-old child is working in a factory without his/her will, it is a violation of Articles ____ and ___ of the Indian Constitution.

(22, 23/23, 24/23, 25/24, 26) (Choose the correct answer)

- Who was the author of the book, Curfewed Night?
- Define Apartheid Racialism.
- Write any one provision of optional protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.
- The term 'structural violence' is coined by M. N. Srinivas/John Money/Johan Galtung/Donna Fernandes.

(Choose the correct answer)

- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following: $4 \times 4 = 16$
 - (a) Major features of Third Generation of Human Rights

(Continued)

- The UN Charter and Human Rights
- Major issues of Child Rights in the contemporary time
- Media Policy in China
- Major aspects of the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous People
- Write 3. Define Human Rights. characteristic features of Human Rights. 4+8=12

Or

Critically analyze the Asian perspective of Human Rights. 12

4. How do you analyze the importances of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in the protection and promotion of Human Rights? 11

Or

Highlight the major provisions incorporated in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.

5. Examine the major rights enshrined in the Chapter II of the Constitution of South Africa.

(Turn Over)

11

Or

Can you consider the Preamble of the Constitution of India as an instrument for the protection and promotion of Human Rights in India? Substantiate your answer with proper argument.

6. Discuss the impact of surveillance and censorship on Freedom of Expression in India. Give your suggestions in this context.

8+3=11

Or

Examine how the anti-terrorism laws in India have brought into five major challenges like insecurity.

7. Discuss the different aspects of caste-based Human Rights violation in India. How can you protect it? Give suggestions. 7+4=11

Or

What is gender-based violence? Analyze the different forms of gender-based violence in Pakistan. Examine the measures taken by the Government of Pakistan to overcome this problem.

2+6+3=11

Paper: DSE-2B

(Development Process and Social Movement in Contemporary India)

1. Answer the following as directed:

1×8=8

- (a) When did the First Five-Year Plan start functioning in India?
- (b) NITI Aayog on 31st October, 2016 launched the first Agricultural Index of its kind. What is it called?
- (c) Mention one feature of New Economic Policy.
- (d) The first Labour Union was established in London in the year _____.

(Fill in the blank)

(e) As per the Economic Survey of India 2020-21, the total food grain production was 308.65 million tonnes.

(Write True or False)

- (f) Mention one factor for the farmer's suicide.
- (g) When was the Santhal Revolt taken place?
- (h) When did the Indian women achieve franchise?
- 2. Write on the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16
 - (a) The concept of mixed economy
 - (b) Impact of liberalization on unorganized labour in India
 - (c) Critical evaluation of the Green Revolution
 - (d) Issues and concerns of Dalit Movements in India in 21st century
- **3.** Critically examine the role of the Planning Commission in shaping the development strategy in India.

Or

Examine how the LPG model has changed the development processes in India.

4. How do you define 'new middle class?

Examine how the emergence of new middle class has impacted the socio-political structures in contemporary India. 3+8=11

Or

Write a critical essay on the impact of liberalization policy on organized labour in India.

5. What are the major factors leading to farmer's unrest in contemporary India?

Explain. 11

Or

Prepare a critical note on agrarian development strategy and its impact on social structure in India.

6. Do you think that the Tribal and Land Rights Movements are outcomes of deficit in the development policies being pursued so far in India? Substantiate.

Or

Examine the different issues and concerns of Peasant Movement in India. Examine the impact of globalization in this context.

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(Continued)

12

P23/495

(Turn Over)

11

7. Highlight the major contributions of Civil Liberties Movement in strengthening the democratic rights in India.

Or

11

Discuss how Women's Movements have been able to address the problems faced by women in contemporary India.

* * *

5 SEM TDC DSE ASM (CBCS) 1 (B) (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ASSAMESE

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-1 (B)

(ভাৰতীয় সাহিত্যৰ পৰিচয়)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

১। (ক) ভাৰতীয় সাহিত্যৰ ধাৰণাৰ উৎপত্তি আৰু বিকাশ সম্পর্কে
 এটি আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱাঁ।
 ৭+৭=১৪

অথবা

(খ) ভাৰতীয় সাহিত্যৰ স্বকীয়তাৰ কাৰণ আৰু স্বৰূপ ব্যাখ্যা কৰি এটি নিবন্ধ যুগুত কৰাঁ। ৬+৮=১৪

P23/543

THE REPORT OF MALE WAS ASSETTABLE OF THE

ર !	(ক)	জীৱনানন্দ	দাশৰ	'বনলতা	সেন'	কবিতাটিৰ	বিষয়বস্তু
		ব্যাখ্যা কৰি	ইয়াৰ	কাব্যিক সেঁ	শৈৰ্থ বি	চাৰ কৰাঁ।	9+9=\$8
				অথবা		, · · ·	

- (খ) কবি পৰিচয় দি 'কাঠ কী ঘণ্টিয়া' কবিতাৰ কাব্যিক মূল্যায়ন আগবঢ়োৱাঁ। ৬+৮=১৪
- ৩। গল্পকাৰৰ চমু পৰিচয় দি 'শাস্তি' অথবা 'হাতী আৰু হাৰিকেন লেম' গল্পৰ তাৎপৰ্য ব্যাখ্যা কৰাঁ। 8+৬=১০
- 8। চমু টোকা লিখাঁ (যি কোনো এটা):

8

- (ক) সুপ্রিয়া পণ্ডা
- (খ) চন্দৰা
- (গ) 'খুৰী আইতা' গল্পত বাৰ্দ্ধকূৰে চিত্ৰ
- (ঘ) প্রেমচন্দ
- ৫। (ক) নাট্যকাৰৰ পৰিচয় দি 'হানুছ' নাটকৰ কথাবস্তু সম্পৰ্কে এটি আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱা। ৬+৮=১৪

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- (খ) 'হানুছ' নাটকৰ মূল চৰিত্ৰটো বিশ্লেষণ কৰা। ১৪
- ৬। (ক) 'এটি কলি দুটি পাত' উপন্যাসত ঔপনিৱেশিক শক্তিৰ শোষণ আৰু অত্যাচাৰৰ ছবি কেনেকৈ ফুটি উঠিছে, উদাহৰণসহ ব্যাখ্যা কৰাঁ।

অথবা

(খ) তলত দিয়া যি কোনো দুটাৰ চমু টোকা লিখাঁ: 9×২=১৪

- (১) ঔপন্যাসিক ৰূপে মুক্কৰাজ আনন্দ
- (২) জন ডি লা হার্ডে
- (৩) গংগু
- (৪) ৰেগী হাণ্ট

৭। চমু উত্তৰ দিয়াঁ:

\$×\$0=\$0

- (ক) কোন চনত ভাৰতৰ বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ত আধুনিক ভাৰতীয় ভাষা-বিভাগ আৰম্ভ কৰা হৈছিল?
- (খ) 'হানুছ' নাটকখন কোন চনত ৰচিত হৈছিল?
- (গ) 'কাঠ কী ঘণ্টিয়া' কাবগ্রেস্থ কোন চনত প্রকাশ পাইছিল?
- (ঘ) 'আধুনিক ভাৰতীয় সাহিত্য' গ্ৰন্থৰ লেখক কোন?
- (ঙ) ''পর্বতৰ পৰা বৈ অহা এই নৈখনৰ যিমান, সিমান।'' এইমাৰ কাৰ উক্তি?
- (চ) 'ভাৰতীয় দলিত সাহিত্যৰ মহানায়ক' আখ্যা কাক দিয়া হয়?
- (ছ) 'তমস' উপন্যাসৰ ৰচক কোন?
- (জ) সাহিত্য অকাদেমি কোন চনত স্থাপিত হয়?
- (ঝ) 'হান্ছ' নাটকত কেইটা অংক আছে?
- (এঃ) ''শ শ ভাৰতীয়ৰ ভোক, শ্ৰম আৰু হতাশা নিহিত হৈ আছে এই একাপ চাহত।'' এয়া কাৰ উক্তি?

5 SEM TDC DSE ASM (CBCS) 1 (B) (H)

5 SEM TDC DSE PSC (CBCS) 1A (i/ii) NH

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-1A

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Paper: DSE-1A (i)

(Themes in Comparative Political Theory)

1. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ নিৰ্দেশানুষায়ী উত্তৰ লিখা : 1×8=8

. Answer the following as directed:

(a) The Politics নামৰ গ্ৰন্থখন কোনে লিখিছিল? Who wrote the book, The Politics? (b) Two Treatises of Civil Government নামৰ গ্ৰন্থন লিখিছিল হবছ্ / ল'ক / কছো।

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

The book, Two Treatises of Civil Government was written by Hobbes / Locke /Rousseau.

(Choose the correct answer)

(c) কাৰ্ল মাৰ্ক্স আছিল ফ্ৰান্স / জাৰ্মানী / চীনৰ দাৰ্শনিক।
(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

Karl Marx was a French / German / Chinese philosopher.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (d) দশাস্থক বস্তুবাদ তত্ত্বৰ প্ৰতিষ্ঠাপক কোন আছিল?
 Who introduced the theory of Dialectical
 Materialism?
- (e) কৌটিল্য ____ৰ ৰাজসভাত প্ৰধানমন্ত্ৰী আছিল।
 (খালী ঠাই পূৰণ কৰা)
 Kautilya was the Prime Minister of the

Court of ____.

(Fill in the blank)

গো পান্ধীজীৰ ৰাজনৈতিক গুৰু কোন আছিল?
Who was the political Guru of Gandhiji?

(g) হৰিজনসকলৰ বাবে পৃথক নিৰ্বাচকমণ্ডলীৰ পৃষ্ঠপোষকতা কোনে কৰিছিল? Who advocated for separate electorate for the Harijans?

জয়প্রকাশ নাৰায়ণ আধুনিক গণতন্ত্রৰ সমর্থক আছিল।
 (হয় নে নহয় লিখা)

Jayaprakash Narayan was the supporter of modern democracy.

(Write Yes or No)

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×4=16
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) জন ল'কৰ সম্পত্তিৰ অধিকাৰৰ ধাৰণা John Locke's views on right to property
 - (b) এৰিষ্ট'টলৰ নাগৰিকত্বৰ অৰ্হতাসমূহ Aristotle's qualities of citizenship
 - (c) তিলকৰ স্থৰাজৰ ধাৰণা Tilak's views on Swaraj
 - (d) সমৃহীয়া গণতন্ত্ৰৰ বিষয়ে জয়প্ৰকাশ নাৰায়ণৰ ধাৰণা Jayaprakash Narayan's views on communitarian democracy

3. ৰাজনৈতিক তত্ত্ব কি ? পশ্চিমীয়া ৰাজনৈতিক তত্ত্বৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 2+10=12 What is political thought? Discuss the features of Western political thought.

নাইবা / Or

ভাৰতীয় আৰু পশ্চিমীয়া ৰাজনৈতিক তত্ত্ব এক তুলনামূলক বিশ্লেষণ আগবঢ়োৱা। 12 Make a comparative analysis of Indian and Western political thought.

4. ৰুছোৰ অসমতা তত্ত্বৰ সমালোচনাত্মক বিশ্লেষণ কৰা। 11
Critically analyze Rousseau's theory of inequality.

नाँदेश / Or

জে. এচ. মিলৰ স্বতন্ত্ৰতা আৰু গণতন্ত্ৰৰ ধাৰণাসমূহ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। Describe J. S. Mill's concepts of liberty and democracy.

5. কাৰ্ল মাৰ্ক্সৰ শ্ৰেণী সংগ্ৰাম তত্ত্বৰ সমালোচনাত্মক বিশ্লেষণ আগবঢ়োৱা। 11 Analyze critically Karl Marx's theory of class struggle.

নাইবা / Or

মাৰ্ক্স আৰু বাকুনিনৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ তত্ত্বৰ মাজত থকা সাদৃশ্য আৰু বৈসাদৃশ্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। Discuss the similarities and differences between Marx's theory of State and Bakunin's theory of State.

6. কৌটিল্যৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ তত্ত্বৰ বিশ্লেষণ কৰা। 11
Analyze Kautilya's views of State.

নাইবা /Or

স্বৰাজৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। স্বৰাজ সম্পৰ্কে গান্ধীজীৰ দৃষ্টিভংগী আলোচনা কৰা। 2+9=11 Define Swaraj. Discuss Gandhiji's approach to Swaraj.

পিতৃতান্ত্ৰিকতাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। নাৰীমুক্তিৰ বাবে পণ্ডিতা ৰমাবাঈৰ
অৱদানসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।
 2+9=11
 Define patriarchy. Discuss Pandita
 Ramabai's contributions for women
emancipation.

নাইবা /Or

নেহেৰুৰ গণতন্ত্ৰৰ ধাৰণাৰ এক সমালোচনামূলক আলোচনা কৰা। 11 Critically discuss Nehru's concept of democracy. Paper: DSE-1A (ii)

(Administration and Public Policy : Concept and Theories)

 (a) Principles of Public Administration নামৰ গ্ৰন্থনৰ লেখক এল. ডি. হোৱাইট / উইলোবি / হেনৰি ফেয়ল।

(শুদ্দ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

The book, Principles of Public Administration was written by L. D. White / Willoughby / Henri Fayol.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (b) লোকপ্ৰশাসনৰ জনক বুলি কাক কোৱা হয় ? Who was the father of Public Administration?
- (c) "লোকপ্ৰশাসন হৈছে পৰিক্ৰমাত প্ৰয়োগকৃত ব্যৱস্থাপনাৰ কলা আৰু বিজ্ঞান।" কথাষাৰ চাইমন / ডিমক / বান্ডোৱে কৈছিল।

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

"Public Administration is the art and science of management applied to the affairs of the State." It was said by Simon / Dimock / Waldo.

(Choose the correct answer)

(d) ফ্রেডবিক উইনপ্লো টেইলবে বৈজ্ঞানিক ব্যৱস্থাপনা তত্ত্ব আগবঢ়াইছিল।

(হয় নে নহয় লিখা)

Scientific Management Theory was given by Frederick Winslow Taylor.

(Write Yes or No)

(e) লোকপ্ৰশাসন অধ্যয়নৰ পৰম্পৰাগত দৃষ্টিভংগীৰ এজন সমৰ্থকৰ নাম লিখা।

Write one name of the supporter of traditional approach to the study of Public Administration.

 গ্ৰাচৰণবাদী পদ্ধতি লোকপ্ৰশাসন অধ্যয়নৰ এক আধুনিক দৃষ্টিভংগী।

(শুদ্ধ নে অশুদ্ধ লিখা)

Behavioural approach is one of the modern approaches to study Public Administration.

(Write True or False)

(g) ভাৰতীয় পৰিকল্পনা আয়োগৰ নতুন নাম কি?

What is the new name of Planning
Commission of India?

- (h) গোলকীকৰণৰ লোকপ্ৰশাসনৰ ওপৰত এটা নেতিবাচক প্ৰভাৱ উল্লেখ কৰা।
 Mention one negative impact of globalization on Public Administration.
- 2. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×4=16
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) নতুন লোকপ্ৰশাসনৰ চাৰিটা মূল বৈশিষ্ট্য

 Four basic features of New Public Administration
 - (b) আমোলাতন্ত্ৰ বিকাশৰ কাৰকসমূহ
 Factors for the growth of bureaucracy
 - (c) লোকনীতিৰ উপাদানসমূহ Components of public policy
 - (d) বিশ্বায়নৰ চাৰিটা বৈশিষ্ট্য Four characteristics of globalization
- 3. এক বিদ্যায়তনিক বিষয় হিচাপে লোকপ্রশাসনৰ অধ্যয়নৰ ক্রমবিকাশৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 12
 Discuss the evolution of Public Administration as an academic discipline.

অথবা / Or

লোকপ্ৰশাসন মানে কি? লোকপ্ৰশাসন আৰু বেচৰকৰি।
প্ৰশাসনৰ মাজৰ প্ৰভেদসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।
4+8=12

What is Public Administration? Distinguish between Public Administration and Private Administration.

4. দৃষ্টিভংগী বুলিলে কি বুজা? লোকপ্রশাসনৰ প্রস্পরাগত
দৃষ্টিভংগীৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 4+7=11
What do you mean by approach? Discuss about the traditional approach to Public Administration.

অথবা / Or

লোকপ্ৰশাসন অধ্যয়নৰ ঐতিহাসিক আৰু আইনগত পদ্ধতিব বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss about the historical and legal method to the study of Public Administration.

5. হেনৰি ফেয়লে আগবড়োৱা ব্যৱস্থাপনাৰ নীতিসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।
11
Discuss the principles of management according to Henri Fayol.

11

অথবা / Or

মানৱীয় সম্পর্ক দৃষ্টিভংগীৰ উপাদানসমূহ কি কি ? মানৱীয় সম্পর্ক দৃষ্টিভংগীৰ উদ্ভাৱনত অৰিহণা যোগোৱা কাৰকসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 3+8=11

What are the elements of human relations approach? Discuss the factors influencing the emergence of human relations approach.

 লোকনীতিব সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। লোকনীতিব বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।
 3+8=11

Define public policy. Discuss the characteristics of public policy.

অথবা / Or

ভাৰতৰ লোকনীতি নিৰ্ধাৰণ প্ৰক্ৰিয়াৰ আসোঁৱাহসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss the weaknesses in India's public policy making.

7. উন্নয়ন প্রশাসন কি? উন্নয়ন প্রশাসনব মৌলিক বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা করা। 3+8=11

What is development administration? Discuss the salient features of development administration.

অথবা / Or

ৰাষ্ট্ৰৰ সাৰ্বভৌমত্বৰ ওপৰত বিশ্বায়নৰ প্ৰভাৱৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

11

Discuss about the impact of globalization on State sovereignty.

11

5 SEM TDC DSE EDN (CBCS) 8 (NH)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-8

(Mental Health Issues)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া:

1×8=8

Answer the following:

(a) মানসিকভাৱে সুস্থ ব্যক্তিৰ এটা বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ কৰা।
 Mention one criterion of mentally healthy person.

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(b) A Mind That Found Itself নামৰ কিতাপখন কোনে লিখিছিল?

Who wrote the book, A Mind That Found Itself?

(c) "গৃহই হ'ল শিক্ষাৰ প্ৰকৃত আৰম্ভণি বিন্দু।" কথাষাৰ কোনে কৈছিল?

"Home is the original starting point of education." Who said this statement?

(d) সুস্থ গৃহ পৰিৱেশৰ এটা দৈহিক বা বৈষয়িক গুণ উল্লেখ কৰা।

Mention one physical quality of healthy home environment.

(e) মানসিক স্বাস্থ্যৰক্ষাৰ বাবে বিদ্যালয়ৰ এটা কাৰ্য উল্লেখ কৰা।

Mention one function of school for maintaining mental health.

- (f) ইতিবাচক মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ পিতৃ কোন আছিল?
 Who was the father of positive psychology?
- (g) পুনৰোদ্যমৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।
 Define resilience.
- (h) 'প্ৰাণায়াম'ৰ এটা উপকাৰিতা লিখা।

 Write one benefit of 'Pranayama'.

 (Continued)

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×5=20
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) মানসিক স্বাস্থ্যবিজ্ঞানৰ নীতিসমূহ
 Principles of mental hygiene
 - (b) ' নিজৰ লগত কৰা সমাযোজনৰ নীতি
 Principles seeking adjustment with one's self
 - (c) শিশুপালন অনুশীলন আৰু পৰিৱেশৰ ধাৰণা
 Concept of child-rearing practice and
 environment
 - (d) PERMA আর্থি PERMA model
 - (e) খ্যানৰ প্ৰকাৰবোৰ Types of meditation
- 3. মানসিক স্বাস্থ্যবিজ্ঞানৰ লক্ষ্য আৰু উদ্দেশ্যবোৰ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। 10 Describe the goals and objectives of mental hygiene.

Discuss identification and rationalization as adjustment mechanism.

অথবা / Or.

হতাশাগ্ৰস্ততা কি ? ইয়াৰ বৈশিষ্ট্য আৰু লক্ষণসমূহ লিখা।

2+4+5=11

What is frustration? Write the characteristics and symptoms of frustration.

বিদ্যালয়ত মানসিক স্বাস্থ্যৰক্ষাৰ বাবে ল'বলগীয়া ব্যৱস্থাসমূহ ব্যাখ্যা
কৰা।
 Explain the provisions for keeping mental health in school.

6. ক্ষমা মানে কি? ক্ষমাৰ প্ৰকাৰসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 2+9=11 What is forgiveness? Discuss the various types of forgiveness.

অথবা / Or

ইতিবাচক মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। ইতিবাচক মনোবিজ্ঞানৰ প্ৰকৃতি বৰ্ণনা কৰা। 3+8=11

Define positive psychology. Explain the nature of positive psychology.

7. সুস্থ-সবল জীৱনযাপনৰ বাবে যোগৰ নীতিবোৰ আলোচনা কৰা। 10 Discuss the Yogic principles for healthy living.

অথবা / Or

সমাযোজন আৰু অপসমাযোজনৰ মাজৰ পাৰ্থক্যবোৰ লিখা।

5+5=10

Write the differences between adjustment and maladjustment.

5 SEM TDC DSE EDN (CBCS)

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8 (NH)

5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 3 (NH)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-3

(Environmental Economics)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ নিৰ্দেশানুসৰি উত্তৰ দিয়া :
 Answer the following as directed :
 - (a) উমৈহতীয়া সম্পদৰ উৎসৰ এটা উদাহৰণ দিয়া।

 Give one example of common property resource.
 - (b) মানৱজনিত প্রদূষকবোৰ হ'ল
 Anthropogenic pollutants are those that are
 - (i) প্রকৃতি-সৃষ্ট nature induced

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(Turn Over)

1×8=8

- (ii) মানৱ-সৃষ্ট human induced
- (iii) ওপৰৰ (i) আৰু (ii) দুয়োটা Both (i) and (ii)
- (iv) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয় None of the above

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

(Choose the correct answer)

- (c) জলচ্ছেদ ব্যৱস্থাপনাৰ এটা উদাহৰণ দিয়া।

 Give one example of watershed management.
- (d) মন্ট্ৰিল প্ৰ'ট'কলৰ মূল বিষয়বস্তু কি?
 What is the main subject matter of the Montreal Protocol?
- (e) পৰিবেশ সুৰক্ষা আইনখন প্ৰণয়ন কৰা হৈছিল

 The Environmental Protection Act is enacted in the year
 - (i) ১৯৮০ চনত
- (ii) ১৯৮২ চনত

1980

1982

(iii) ১৯৮৩ চনত

(iv) ১৯৮৬ চনত

1983

1986

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

(Choose the correct answer)

(f) প্রাকৃতিকভাবে সৃষ্ট এটা সেউজগৃহ গেছৰ নাম লিখা।

Name one naturally generated greenhouse gas.

(g) পৰিবেশীয় সমস্যাসমূহৰ দক্ষতামূলক সমাধানৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত সম্পত্তিৰ অধিকাৰ প্ৰদান ধাৰণাটো তলৰ কোনটোৰ লগত জড়িত?

> Allocation of property rights for optimal solution to environmental problems is associated with

- (i) কিয়'ট' প্র'ট'কল Kyoto Protocol
- (ii) বিশ্ব বাণিজ্য সংস্থা WTO
- (iii) ৰনাল্ড ক'জ Ronald Coase
- (iv) ওপৰৰ আটাইকেইটা All of the above

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

(Choose the correct answer)

(h) তোমাৰ অঞ্চলৰ এটা থলুৱা পৰিবেশীয়া সমস্যাৰ নাম লিখা।

Mention one local environmental problem of your area.

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2. তলত দিয়াসমূহৰ যি কোনো চাৰিটাৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা (প্ৰতিটো ১৫০ শব্দৰ ভিতৰত): 4×4=16

Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each):

- (a) বাহ্যিকতা Externality
- (b) পিগুভিয়ান কৰ Pigovian tax
- (c) জলচ্ছেদ ব্যৱস্থাপনা

 Watershed management
- (d) ভ্ৰমণ ব্যয় পদ্ধতি

 Travel cost method
- (e) অল্ল বৰষুণ Acid rain
- 3. (a) পৰিবেশ অৰ্থনীতিৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। ইয়াৰ উদ্দেশ্যসমূহ কি
 কি ? পৰিবেশ আৰু অৰ্থনীতিৰ আন্তঃসম্পৰ্ক
 ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 2+4+5=11

 Define environmental economics. What are its objectives? Explain the relationship between environment and economy.

অথবা / Or

- (b) বজাৰ বিফলতা বুলিলে কি বুজা? বজাৰ বিফলতাৰ কাৰণসমূহ কি কি? পৰিবেশীয় গুণৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত বজাৰ বিফলতা কিয় হয়? ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 2+3+6=11

 What do you mean by market failure?

 What are the causes of market failure?

 Why does market fail for environmental quality? Discuss.
- 4. (a) প্রদূষণ প্রতিৰোধৰ যি কোনো তিনিটা উদ্গনিমূলক পদ্ধতিৰ বিষয়ে লিখা। আদেশ আৰু নিয়ন্ত্রণ পদ্ধতিতকৈ উদ্গনিমূলক পদ্ধতিক প্রদূষণ প্রতিৰোধৰ ক্ষেত্রত অধিক ফলপ্রসূ বুলি তুমি ভাবানে? আলোচনা কৰা। 6+5=11 Explain any three incentive-based methods of pollution control. Do you think incentive-based instruments are more effective than command and control methods of pollution control? Discuss.

অথবা / Or

(b) উন্নত আৰু উন্নয়নশীল দেশসমূহৰ প্রধান পৰিবেশীয় সমস্যাসমূহ কি কি? উন্নয়নশীল দেশসমূহৰ বাবে প্ৰিবেশীয় নীতি বিকল্প কি হ'ব, আলোচনা কৰা।

8+3=11

What are the major environmental problems of developed and developing countries? Discuss the environmental policy choices for the developing countries.

5. (a) পৰিবেশীয় মৃল্যায়নৰ পৰিস্থিতিভিত্তিক মৃল্যায়ন পদ্ধতিটো আলোচনা কৰা। পৰিবেশীয় সম্পদৰ অনা-ব্যৱহাৰ মৃল্য জোখ লোৱাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত এই পদ্ধতিৰ সুবিধা লিখা।

8+3=11

Discuss the contingent valuation method of environmental valuation. Show the benefit of this method in measuring non-user value of environmental resources.

অথবা /Or

(b) পৰিবেশীয় মূল্যায়নব ক্ষেত্ৰত বজাৰ বহির্ভূত মূল্য বুলিলে কি বুজা? এই বজাৰ বহির্ভূত মূল্যৰ প্রকাৰ আৰু সংজ্ঞা বর্ণনা কৰা।
3+8=11

What do you mean by non-market valuation of environmental valuation? Explain the types and definitions of these non-market valuations.

6. (a) বহনক্ষম উন্নয়নৰ বিভিন্ন সূচকসমূহ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। বহন ক্ষমতাৰ সূচক নিধাৰণ/বাচনিৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত দেখা দিয়া সমস্যাসমূহ কি কি?
8+4=12

Explain the different indicators of sustainable development. What are the problems of selecting indicators of sustainability?

অথবা /Or

- (b) বহনক্ষম উন্নয়নৰ অৰ্থ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। নিৰ্বনানীকৰণে
 কেনেদৰে বহনক্ষম উন্নয়নৰ ওপৰত বিৰূপ প্ৰভাৱ
 পোলায় ? ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 5+7=12
 Write the meaning of sustainable development. How does deforestation adversely affect sustainable development?
 Explain.

অথবা / Or

(b) পিয়াৰ্চ এট্কিন্চনৰ বহন ক্ষমতাৰ জোখ ধাৰণাটো ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। এই তত্ত্ব সীমাবদ্ধতাসমূহ আঙুলিয়াই দেখুওৱা। 9+2=11 Discuss the Pearce-Atkinson approach of measuring sustainability. Point out its limitations.

5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 2 (NH)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)
(For Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-2

(Money and Banking)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া/শুদ্ধ বিকল্পটো বাছি উলিওৱা : 1×8=8

Answer/Choose the correct option of the following:

(a) মুদ্ৰা আৰু প্ৰায় মুদ্ৰাৰ মাজত পাৰ্থক্য লিখা।

Mention the difference between money and near money.

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- (b) উচ্চ ক্ষমতাসম্পন্ন মুদ্রা বৃলিলে কি বুজা?

 What is meant by high-powered money?
- (c) মুদ্রাক কিয় 'সর্থোচ্চ তাৰল্য সম্পদ' বুলি কোৱা হয়?

 Why is money called a 'highly liquid asset'?
- (d) বাণিজ্যিক বিল বজাৰ কাক বোলে?

 What is commercial bill market?
- (e) ষ্টক বজাৰৰ এটা কাৰ্য উল্লেখ কৰা।

 Mention one function of stock market.
- (f) তলৰ কোনটো সুদৰ হাৰৰ ভিন্নতাৰ উৎস নহয় ?

 Which is not the source of interest rate differential of the following?
 - (i) ঘাটিৰ তাৰল্যতাত থকা পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ Differences in the liquidity of debt
 - (ii) একচেটিয়া মুনাফাৰ পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ
 Differences in monopoly gains

- (iii) খণদাতাৰ সেৱা ব্যয়ৰ পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ

 Differences in lender's cost of servicing loans
- (iv) ঋণদান ব্যৱস্থা আৰু গৃহঋণ সেৱাৰ পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ

 Differences in lending practices and housing loan services
- (g) নগদ জমা হাৰ কি?

 What is cash reserve ratio?
- মূদ্রানীতিব এটা উদ্দেশ্য উল্লেখ কৰা।
 Mention one function of monetary policy.
- 2. তলৰ যি কোনো চাৰিটাৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা (প্ৰতিটো ১৫০ শব্দৰ ভিতৰত) : 4×4=16

Write short notes on any *four* of the following (within 150 words each):

(a) মুদ্ৰাৰ পৰিমাপ

Measures of money

- (b) প্ৰাথমিক আৰু দ্বিতীয় বজাৰ

 Primary and secondary market
- (c) ভাৰতৰ ষ্টক বজাৰৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ

 Characteristics of Indian stock market
- (d) সুদৰ হাৰৰ সংস্থাপিত তত্ত্ব

 Classical theory of interest rate
- (e) ক'ল মুদ্ৰা বজাৰ

 Call money market

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নবোৰৰ উত্তৰ লিখা (প্ৰতিটো ৫০০ শব্দৰ ভিতৰত) :

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each):

(a) মুদ্ৰাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। মুদ্ৰাৰ কাৰ্যসমূহ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। 2+9=11
 Define money. Explain the functions of money.

অথবা / Or

- (b) মুদ্রা গুণাংক বুলিলে কি বুজা? মুদ্রা গুণাংকৰ গুপৰত প্রভাৱ পেলোৱা কাৰকসমূহৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 2+9=11
 - What is meant by money multiplier? Discuss the factors affecting money multiplier.

What is capital market? What are its components and functions? Mention two differences between capital market and money market.

অথবা / Or

- (b) বিত্তীয় খণ্ডৰ সংস্কাৰ বুলিলে কি বুজা? ভাৰতৰ বিত্তীয় খণ্ডৰ সংস্কাৰ সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। 2+9=11 What is meant by financial sector reform? Discuss the financial sector reform of India.
- 5. (a) ভাৰতৰ ষ্টক বজাৰৰ সূচক পৰিমাপৰ পদ্ধতি সম্পৰ্কে
 আলোচনা কৰা!

 Discuss the methodologies for
 calculating Indian stock market index.

অথবা/Or

(b) ষ্টক বজাৰ কি? ভাৰতৰ ষ্টক বজাৰ সম্পৰ্কে চমুকৈ আলোচনা কৰা। 2+9=11

What is stock market? Discuss briefly the stock market of India.

6. (a) 'সুদৰ হাৰৰ সময়ৰ গাঁথনি' বুলিলে কি বুজা? 'সুদৰ হাৰৰ সময়ৰ গাঁথনি'ৰ প্ৰত্যাশা তত্ত্বটো আলোচনা কৰা। 3+8-11

What is meant by the term 'structure of interest rates'? Discuss the expectation theory of the term 'structure of interest rates'.

অথবা / Or

(b) সুদৰ হাৰ নিৰ্ধাৰণৰ কেইনচৰ তত্ত্বটো আলোচনা কৰা। 11

Discuss the Keynesian theory of interest rate determination.

7. (a) বাণিজ্যিক বেংকৰ খাণ সৃষ্টিৰ পদ্ধতিটো সমালোচনাসহ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 12

Critically discuss the credit creation system of commercial bank.

অথবা / Or

(b) কেন্দ্ৰীয় বেংকৰ কাৰ্যাৱলী সম্পৰ্কে চমুকৈ আলোচনা কৰা। এটা মুক্ত অৰ্থনীতিত মুদ্ৰা ব্যৱস্থাপনা পদ্ধতি আলোচনা কৰা। 6+6=12

Discuss briefly the functions of the Central Bank. Discuss the process of monetary management in an open economy.

5 SEM TDC GEED (CBCS) GE 501/502/503

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Generic Elective)

Paper: GE-501/502/503

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Paper: GE-501

{ Education in Pre-Independent India }

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ নিৰ্দেশানুযায়ী উত্তৰ লিখা : 1×8=8
 Answer the following as directed :
 - (a) বৈদিক শিক্ষাৰ বিদ্যাৰম্ভ অনুষ্ঠানটো কি আছিল?
 What was the initiation ceremony of Vedic education?
 - (b) বৌদ্ধ শিক্ষা ব্যৱস্থাৰ শিক্ষাৰ মাধ্যম কি আছিল?
 What was the medium of instruction of Buddhist education system?

P23/450

(c)	প্ৰথম অসমীয়া বাতৰিকাকত 'অৰুণোদয়' প্ৰকাশ হৈছিল
	
	(খালী ঠাই পূৰণ কৰা)
	The first Assamese newspaper, Anunodoi was published in the year
	(Fill in the blank)
(d)	শ্ৰীৰামপুৰ ত্ৰয়ীৰ যি কোনো এজনৰ নাম উল্লেখ কৰা।
	Mention any one name of Srirampur Trio.
(e)	কোনে 'নিম্নগামী পৰিশ্ৰাৱণ নীতি' উদ্ভাৱন কৰিছিল?
	Who introduced the 'downward filtration theory'?
<i>(f)</i>	প্ৰথম ভাৰতীয় শিক্ষা আয়োগৰ সভাপতি কোন আছিল ?
	Who was the Chairman of the first Indian Education Commission?
(g)	বুনিয়দি শিক্ষাৰ প্ৰথম সন্মিলনখন কেতিয়া অনুষ্ঠিত হৈছিল?
	When was the first Conference of Basic Education held?
(h)	কলিকতা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় আয়োগ (১৯১৭)ৰ আন এটা নাম কি আছিল?
	What was the another name of Calcutta University Commission (1917)?

2. চমু টোকা লিখা: $5 \times 4 = 20$ Write short notes on: (a) ইছলামিক যুগত নাৰী শিক্ষা Women education in Islamic period (b) অসমত মিছনেৰীসকলৰ কামকাজ Missionaries activities in Assam প্ৰাচ্য-পাশ্চাত্যৰ বিবাদ Anglicist-Classist controversy (d) গোখলেৰ বিল, ১৯১১ Gokhle Bill, 1911 3. বৈদিক আৰু বৌদ্ধ শিক্ষা ব্যৱস্থাৰ এক তুলনামূলক আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱা। 13 Give a comparative study of Vedic and Buddhist system of education. অথবা /Or ইছলামী শিক্ষা ব্যৱস্থাৰ মূল বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। বৈদিক শিক্ষা ব্যৱস্থা আৰু ইছলামী শিক্ষা ব্যৱস্থাৰ পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ विश्वा । 7+6=13 Describe the main features of Islamic education. Write the differences between the Vedic and Islamic education systems. 4. মেকলেৰ প্ৰতিবেদন আৰু ভাৰতীয় শিক্ষাত ইয়াৰ প্ৰভাৱ সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। 13 Discuss Macaulay's Minute and its impact on Indian education.

অথবা /Or

লৰ্ড বেণ্টিংকৰ শিক্ষা নীতিৰ পৰামৰ্শাৱলী আৰু ভাৰতীয় শিক্ষাত ইয়াৰ প্ৰভাৱ আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss the recommendations of Lord Bentinck's educational policy and its impact on Indian education.

5. ভাৰতবৰ্ষৰ শিক্ষাজগতলৈ লওঁ কাৰ্জনৰ অৱদানৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss the contribution of Lord Curzon to Indian education.

অথবা /Or

উডৰ যোষণাপত্ৰৰ গুণ আৰু দোষসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। ভাৰতীয় শিক্ষাত উডৰ ঘোষণাপত্ৰক মেগ্লা কাৰ্টা আখ্যা দিব পাৰিনে ? ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 6+7=13

Discuss the merits and demerits of Wood's Despatch. Do you support that it is a Magna Carta of Indian education? Explain.

6. কোন চনত হাবটগ কমিটি গঠন কৰা হয় ? শিক্ষাৰ বিভিন্ন দিশত হাৰটগ কমিটিৰ প্ৰামৰ্শসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 1+12=13 In which year was the Hartog Committee appointed? Discuss the recommendations of Hartog Committee on different areas of education.

অথবা /Or

বুনিয়দি শিক্ষাৰ নীতিসমূহ লিখা। বুনিয়দি শিক্ষাৰ গুণ আৰু দোষসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 7+6=13

Write the main principles of basic education. Discuss the merits and demerits of basic education.

Paper: GE-502

(Guidance and Counselling)

- 1. (a) তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা : 1×5=5 Choose the correct answer of the following :
 - (i) নির্দেশনা হ'ল ____ প্রক্রিয়া। Guidance is the process of
 - (1) শিশুক উপদেশ দিয়া giving advice to the child
 - (2) শিশুক তথ্যৰ যোগান ধৰা providing information to the child
 - (3) শিশুক বৃদ্ধিদীপ্ত সিদ্ধান্ত বাছনিত সহায় কৰা assisting the child in making wise choice
 - (4) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয় None of the above

13

(ii) একাদশ শ্ৰেণীৰ এজন শিক্ষাৰ্থীয়ে শ্ৰেণী শিক্ষকৰ ওচৰলৈ যায় আৰু তেওঁক জনায় যে পৰীক্ষাৰ দিন ঘোষণা কৰাৰ লগেলগে তেওঁ অস্বস্তি অনুভৱ কৰে। এনেধৰণৰ পৰিস্থিতিত তলৰ কোন প্ৰকাৰৰ নিৰ্দেশনা আটাইতকৈ প্ৰাসংগিক বুলি বিবেচনা কৰিব লাগিব?

A student of class XI approaches the class teacher and informs his/her that the schedule of examination, when announced, makes him/her uneasy. What kind of guidance is to be considered most relevant in this situation?

- (1) শৈক্ষিক নির্দেশনা Educational guidance
- (2) ব্যক্তিগত নিৰ্দেশনা Personal guidance
- (3) স্বাস্থ্য নির্দেশনা Health guidance
- (4) ওপৰৰ সকলোকেইটা All of the above
- (iii) কাৰ্ল ৰজাৰ্ছে প্ৰস্তাৱিত পৰামৰ্শ প্ৰদানৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়াটো হ'ল

The type of counselling process proposed by Carl Rogers is

(1) নিৰ্দেশনাত্মক প্ৰামৰ্শদান directive counselling

- (2) অ-নিৰ্দেশনাত্মক পৰামৰ্শদান non-directive counselling
- (3) সাৰগ্ৰাহী পৰামৰ্শদান eclectic counselling
- (4) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয় None of the above
- (iv) নিয়োগ সেৱা তলৰ কোনটোৰ লগত জড়িত নহয়?
 The placement service is not concerned with
 - (1) বিদ্যালয় সম্পূৰ্ণ কৰাৰ আগতেই আনুষ্ঠানিক শিক্ষাৰ পৰা আঁতৰি অহা শিক্ষাৰ্থীসকল who withdraw from the formal education before they complete school
 - (2) বিদ্যালয়লৈ আহি থকাৰ সময়তে বা বন্ধৰ
 সময়ত নতুবা সপ্তাহান্তত অংশকালীন
 নিয়োগৰ সুবিধা বিচৰা লোকসকল
 who prefer part-time work while
 going to school or may be
 during the vocation or after
 school hours or during weekends
 - (3) মাধ্যমিক বিদ্যালয়ৰ নিয়মীয়া ছাত্ৰ-ছাত্ৰীসকল who are regular students of secondary schools
 - (4) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয় None of the above

- (v) সমীক্ষামূলক সেৱাত অনুসৰণ কৰা পৰ্যায়সমূহ হ'ল
 The steps that are dealt in follow-up services are
 - (1) প্ৰাক্তন ছাত্ৰ-ছাত্ৰীৰ পৰা প্ৰণালীবদ্ধভাৱে তথ্যসংগ্ৰহ কৰা a systematic gathering of data from the alumni
 - (2) সংশ্লিষ্ট ব্যক্তি যেনে, শিক্ষাৰ্থী, অভিভাৱক আৰু সম্প্ৰদায়ৰ আগত সেই তথ্যৰ ব্যাখ্যা আৰু উপস্থাপন কৰা interpretation and presentation of that data to all the concerned personnel, i.e., student, parent and community
 - (3) প্ৰাপ্ত ফলাফলৰ ওপৰত নিৰ্ভৰ কৰি
 পৰিশোধিত শৈক্ষিক কৰ্ম আঁচনিৰ পৰামৰ্শ
 দিয়া
 suggest a modified framework
 of educational programme
 based on the findings made
 - (4) ওপৰৰ সকলোকেইটা All of the above

ধালী	ঠাইবোৰ পূৰণ কৰা :	1×3=3
Fill :	in the blanks :	
<i>(i)</i>	বৃত্তি নিৰ্বাচনৰ বাবে, সেই বৃত্তিৰ বাবে নিজ প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবৰ বাবে, সেই বৃত্তিত নিজ নিয়োজিত কৰিবৰ বাবে আৰু সেই বৃত্তিত উ	নকে নকে নতি এক
* · ·	"Vocational guidance is a process assisting the individual to choose occupation, prepare for it, en upon, and progress in it" is definity	an ter
(ii)	মাছলোৰ তত্ত্ব অনুসৰণ কৰা পৰামৰ্শদাতাই বি কৰে যে মানুহৰ আচৰণ দ্বাৰা নিৰ্দে হয়।	শ্বাস শিত
	Counsellor who follow Maslo theory believe people's behavior are directed by	
(iii)	প্ৰতিজন পৰামৰ্শ প্ৰয়োজনকাৰীৰ প্ৰয়োজনী আৰু সামৰ্থ্যৰ প্ৰতি গুৰুত্ব প্ৰদান কৰি দৃষ্টি আৰু কৌশল বাছনি কৰা পৰামৰ্শদান প্ৰক্ৰি ——— বুলি কোৱা হয়।	ভঙ্গী
	Counsellor who choose the approach and techniques to needs and capacity of earlindividual client are said to be	the

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×5=20
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) ব্যক্তিগত আৰু দলীয় নিৰ্দেশনাৰ পাৰ্থক্যসমূহ

 Differences between individual and group guidance
 - (b) প্ৰামৰ্শদানৰ নীতিসমূহ
 Principles of counselling
 - (c) নিৰ্দেশনা প্ৰক্ৰিয়াত সঁজুলিৰ ধাৰণা Concept of tool in the guidance process
 - (d) শৈক্ষিক আৰু বৃত্তিমূলক নিৰ্দেশনাৰ সম্পৰ্ক
 Relationship between educational and vocational guidance
 - (e) নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু প্ৰামৰ্শদান প্ৰক্ৰিয়াত প্ৰধানশিক্ষকৰ ভূমিকা
 Role of headmaster in guidance and counselling
- 3. নিৰ্দেশনাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। উপযুক্ত উদাহৰণৰ সহায়ত নিৰ্দেশনাৰ দাৰ্শনিক আৰু সামাজিক ভিত্তিৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।
 2+4+4=10

 Define guidance. Discuss the philosophical and sociological bases of guidance with appropriate examples.

4. পৰামৰ্শদানৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। পৰামৰ্শদানৰ পৰিসৰৰ বিষয়ে পুনৰাই লিখা। সু-পৰামৰ্শদান প্ৰক্ৰিয়াৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 2+4+5=11

Define counselling. Restate the scope of counselling. Explain the characteristics of a good counselling process.

5. প্ৰামৰ্শদান সেৱাৰ আহিলা হিচাপে সাক্ষাৎকাৰ আৰু পৰ্যবেক্ষণৰ গুৰুত্ব আলোচনা কৰা।5+5=10

Discuss the importance of interview and observation as tools for counselling services.

অথবা /Or

পৰামৰ্শদান সেৱাৰ আহিলা হিচাপে সমাজনীতি আৰু ধাৰাবাহিক পৰিমাপক পত্ৰৰ গুণ আৰু দোষসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 5+5=10 Discuss the merits and demerits of sociometry and cumulative record card as tools for counselling services.

6. নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু পৰামৰ্শদানৰ প্ৰত্যাহ্বানসমূহ উদাহৰণসহ আলোচনা কৰা। নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু পৰামৰ্শদান প্ৰক্ৰিয়াৰ উত্তৰণৰ বাবে কিছুমান পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়োৱা। 5+6=11 Discuss the challenges of guidance and counselling with examples. Suggest some ways to improve the guidance and counselling process.

অথবা /Or

অপৰাধপ্ৰৱণ আৰু সৃজনশীল দলৰ বাবে নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু পৰামৰ্শদানৰ ভূমিকা আলোচনা কৰা। 5+6=11

Discuss the role of guidance and counselling for a delinquent and creative group of learners.

7. প্রাথমিক আৰু মাধ্যমিক পর্যায়ত নির্দেশনা আৰু পৰামর্শ সেৱা সংগঠনৰ নীতিসমূহ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা । 5+5=10 Interpret the principles of organizing guidance and counselling services at the elementary and secondary levels.

অথবা /Or

উচ্চ পৰ্যায়ত নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু পৰামৰ্শদানৰ প্ৰয়োজন হোৱা ব্যক্তিগত আৰু শৈক্ষিক তথ্যসমূহ নিৰ্বাচন কৰা। 5+5=10

Choose personal and educational information for guidance and counselling at the higher level. Paper: GE-503

(Value Education)

- 1. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা : 1×8=8

 Choose the correct answer of the following :
 - (a) তলৰ শব্দবোৰৰ কোনটোৱে ইংৰাজী 'value' শব্দটোৰ অৰ্থ প্ৰকাশ কৰিছে?

Which of the following words refers to the meaning of the English word 'value'?

- (i) উত্তম Best
- (ii) মূলা Worth
- (iii) थ्रन Merit
- (iv) গ্রহণযোগ্যতা Acceptance
- (b) তলৰ কোনটো ভাৰতীয় সংবিধানত উল্লেখিত এক প্ৰমৃল্য নহয় ?

Which of the following is not a value stated in the Indian Constitution?

(i) ন্যায় Justice

- (ii) স্বাধীনতা Liberty
- (iii) সততা Honesty
- (iv) বাড়ম্ব Fraternity
- (c) তলৰ কোনটো মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষাৰ দিশ ব্যক্তিৰ মনোভাৱ বিকাশৰ লগত জড়িত হৈ আছে? Which of the following dimensions of value education is related to the development of attitude of the individual?
 - (i) সংজ্ঞানমূলক দিশ Cognitive dimension
 - (ii) অনুভৃতিমূলক দিশ Affective dimension
 - (iii) মনোপেশীয় দিশ Psychomotor dimension
 - (iv) ওপৰৰ সকলোকেইটা All of the above

(d) তলৰ কোনখন কমিটি অথবা আয়োগক ধৰ্মীয় আৰু নৈতিক শিক্ষাৰ বিষয়ে পৰামৰ্শ দিবলৈ CABE ৰ দ্বাৰা নিয়োগ কৰা হৈছিল?

> Which of the following Committees or Commissions was appointed by CABE for the recommendation of imparting religious and moral education?

- মাধ্যমিক শিক্ষা আয়োগ, ১৯৫২-৫৩
 Secondary Education Commission, 1952-53
- (ii) শ্রী প্রকাশ কমিটি, ১৯৫৯ Sri Prakash Committee, 1959
- (iii) সম্পূৰানন্দ কমিটি, ১৯৬১ Sampuranand Committee, 1961
- (iv) ভাৰতীয় শিক্ষা আয়োগ, ১৯৬৪–৬৬ Indian Education Commission, 1964–66
- (e) মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষা প্রদানৰ এক উল্লেখযোগ্য ব্যৱহারিক পদ্ধতি হৈছে

One of the important practical methods of imparting value education is

(i) প্রাতঃসভা morning assembly

- (ii) কলা আৰু চিত্ৰাংকন প্ৰতিযোগিতা art and painting competition
- (iii) গ্ৰন্থ প্ৰদৰ্শনী book exhibition
- (iv) ওপৰৰ সকলোকেইটা All of the above
- (f) তলৰ কোনটো দিন ২০০২ সালৰ পৰা 'আন্তৰ্জাতিক শান্তি দিৱস' হিচাপে পালন কৰি অহা হৈছে?

Which of the following days has been observed as the 'International Peace Day' since 2002?

- (i) ৫ চেপ্তেম্বৰ 5 September
- (ii) ২১ চেথ্যেক 21 September
- (iii) ২ অক্টোবৰ 2 October
- (iv) ২১ অক্টোবৰ 21 October

(g) তলৰ কোনটো শান্তিৰ বাবে শিক্ষাৰ এক গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ সহপাঠ্যক্ৰমিক কাৰ্যাৱলীৰ ব্যৱস্থা ?

Which of the following is a significant provision of cocurricular activities aiming at education for peace?

- (i) এন. চি. চি. NCC
- (ii) এন. এচ. এচ. NSS
- (iii) স্কাউট আৰু গাইড Scout and Guide
- (iv) ওপৰৰ সকলোকেইটা All of the above
- (h) বিদ্যালয়ত শান্তিৰ বাবে শিক্ষা প্ৰক্ৰিয়া বাধাপ্ৰাপ্ত হ'ব পৰা এক অনুশীলন হৈছে

The practice which may hinder the process of education for peace in school is

- (i) ভাল আচৰণক প্ৰশংসা কৰা praise of good behaviour
- (ii) এক যোগাত্মক উমাল পৰিৱেশ সৃষ্টি কৰা creating a positive warmth climate
- (iii) শাৰীৰিক শান্তিৰ প্ৰয়োগ using corporal punishment
- (iv) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

 None of the above

- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×4=16
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) গণতান্ত্ৰিক মূল্যবোধ Democratic values
 - (b) মূল্যবোধ প্ৰতিপালনত দূৰদৰ্শনৰ ভূমিকা Role of television in fostering values
 - (c) মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষাৰ ধৰ্মীয় দিশ Religious dimension of value education
 - (d) শান্তিৰ বাবে শিক্ষাৰ সহযোগিতামূলক শিক্ষণ প্ৰণালী Cooperative learning as a pedagogy of education for peace
- 3. মূল্যবোধ আৰু অন্তৰ্নিহিত মূল্যবোধৰ অৰ্থ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। এজন ব্যক্তিয়ে অধিকাৰী হোৱা বিভিন্ন অন্তৰ্নিহিত মূল্যবোধবোৰৰ ওপৰত এটা টোকা লিখা।

 3+2+5=10

 Describe the meaning of value and intrinsic value. Write a note on various intrinsic values possessed by an individual.
- 4. মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষা মানে কি বুজা? মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষাৰ উদ্দেশ্যসমূহ লিখা। মূল্যবোধ শিক্ষাৰ বাবে ৱাধা শিক্ষা সন্মিলন, ১৯৩৭ৰ তাৎপৰ্যপূৰ্ণ দিশসমূহ কি কি? চমুকৈ লিখা। 3+5+5=13 What do you mean by value education? Write the objectives of value education. What are the significant aspects of Wardha Education Conference, 1937 for value education? Write briefly.

5. নৈতিক প্ৰমূল্য মানে কি? মহাত্মা গান্ধীৰ জীৱন দৰ্শনত প্ৰতিফলিত হোৱা নৈতিক প্ৰমূল্যসমূহৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 2+8=10

What is meant by moral value? Discuss the moral values that were reflected in the Mahatma Gandhi's philosophy of life.

অথবা /Or

নান্দনিক প্ৰমূল্য মানে কি? নান্দনিক প্ৰমূল্য বিকাশৰ বাবে বিশ্বভাৰতীৰ 'সংগীত ভৱন' আৰু 'কলা ভৱন'ৰ পাঠ্যক্ৰমৰ ওপৰত চমুকৈ লিখা। 2+4+4=10

What is meant by aesthetic value? Write briefly about the curriculum of 'Sangeet Bhawan' and 'Kala Bhawan' of Visva-Bharati for development of aesthetic value.

- 6. শান্তি শিক্ষাৰ অৰ্থ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। এজন শিক্ষকে পাঠ্যক্ৰমৰ লগত শান্তি শিক্ষা সংহত কৰি কি শিক্ষাদান পদ্ধতি অৱলম্বন কৰা উচিত? পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়োৱা।

 Describe the meaning of peace education.

 What teaching methods should be adopted by a teacher for the transaction of curriculum by integrating peace education?

 Suggest.
- 7. জীৱনত শ্ৰেষ্ঠত্ব লাভ কৰা দুটা গুৰুত্বপূৰ্ণ ডেউকা হৈছে 'যোগাত্মক চিন্তন' আৰু 'আত্ম-মৰ্যাদা'। আলোচনা কৰা। 10 'Positive thinking' and 'self-esteem' are two important wings to achieve excellence in life. Discuss.

অথবা /Or

চাৰিত্ৰিক শিক্ষাৰ বাবে আটাইতকৈ প্ৰয়োজনীয় উপাদানসমূহ কি কি? সৎ চৰিত্ৰই এখন দেশৰ সুনাগৰিক হোৱাত কেনেদৰে সহায় কৰে? 4+6=10

What are the important components for character education? How does good character help in making good citizens?

* * *

5 SEM TDC DSE PSC (CBCS) 1 (A/B) (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-1

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Paper: DSE-1A

(Contemporary Politics in Assam)

- 1. Answer the following as directed: 1×8=
 - (a) Who introduced the Doctrine of Lapse in India?
 - (b) In which year was the Treaty of Yandaboo signed?

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- (c) Write the full form of AIADMK.
- (d) The Sixth Schedule to the Indian Constitution was introduced in the Hill Districts of Assam in the year 1950 / 1952 / 1951.

(Choose the correct answer)

(e) The Assam Accord was signed in the year 1985 / 1986 / 1990.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (f) Write the full form of NSCN.
- (g) Manipur became a full-fledged State in the year 1970 / 1972 / 1975.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (h) Who wrote the book, India Against Itself: Assam and the Politics of Nationality?
- 2. Write short notes on (within 150 words each):

 4×4=16
 - (a) Colonial Legacy in Assam
 - (b) Measures for checking regionalism
 - (c) IMDT Act
 - (d) Causes of displacement in the context of Assam

3. Explain the geo-political significance of Assam.

Or

Discuss the heterogenous character of societies in North-East India and its impact on the nature of politics in the region. 6+6=12

4. What do you mean by sub-regionalism? Discuss the causes for the growth of sub-regionalism in the context of Assam.

4+7=11

12

Or

Examine the factors that lead to the demand for Autonomous State by the Bodos of Assam.

5. Define Ethnicity. What are the factors responsible for the growth of ethnic clashes in North-East Indian States? 4+7=11

Or

Discuss the politics around the discourse of migration in Assam.

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(Continued)

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6.	Discuss	the	cat	uses	of	inter-State	conflict
	between	Assa	am	and	Na	galand.	

 $Or^{'}$

Discuss the factors responsible for the boundary dispute between Assam and Meghalaya.

7. What is development-induced displacement?

Discuss the types of development-induced displacement that occur due to the developmental projects.

4+7=11

Or

Write a note on the issue of big dam and environmental movements in Assam.

Paper: DSE-1B

(Dilemmas in Politics)

1. Critically analyse poverty as a factor of social and political exclusion in India.

Or

What do you understand by the concept 'the moral economy of violence'? Can you explain the ethnic clashes in the light of the concept, the moral economy of violence? Give reasons.

3+9=12

2. Critically analyse the national security vs. human rights debates in India in the context of the Armed Forces Special Powers Act (AFSPA).

Or

Critically analyse the difference between the universalists and relativists debates on human rights.

Critically explain the relationship between politics and ecology in the context of developing countries.

Or

What do you mean by empowerment?

Discuss the challenges towards building capabilities for empowerment.

3+8=11

12

11

11

11

4. Critically explain the prospects of cosmopolitanism in the present context. How far do you think nationalism and cosmopolitanism are compatible? Explain.

5+6=11

11

Or

Critically analyse the legitimacy of humanitarian intervention.

5. "Everything has the potential to be political depending on context and interpretation." Explain critically the concept of politics of intervention and its significance.

Or

Explain the contribution of feminist theory in providing an alternative view to the understanding of 'personal is political' within the context of the politics of interpretation.

- **6.** Answer the following as directed: 1×8=8
 - (a) Which international relations approach emphasizes the self-interest of the State within a competitive system?

(b) The statement "We should recognize humanity wherever it occurs, and give its fundamental ingredients, reason and moral capacity, our first allegiance" is an example of realism/ liberalism/ cosmopolitanism/ universalism.

(Choose the correct answer)

(c) The book, Environmentalism and Political Theory is authored by Steve Vanderheiden/ Robyn Eckersley/ Vandana Shiva/ Mathew Humphrey.

(Choose the correct answer)

(d) Which feminist perspective has patriarchy as its fundamental concepts in the explanation of gender inequality? (Liberal feminism/ Radical feminism/ Socialist feminism/ Marxist feminism)

(Choose the correct answer)

- (e) Which of the following is the characteristic of human rights?
 - (i) Human rights are associated with human dignity
 - (ii) Human rights are universal, human rights are never absolute
 - (iii) Human rights are dynamic
 - (iv) All of the above

(Choose the correct answer)

- f) What is humanitarian intervention?
- (g) According to Sen's capability approach, an essential test of progress, development, or poverty reduction is whether people have greater _____. (freedom/income/utility/commodities)

(Choose the correct option)

- (h) According to sen's capability approach, the term 'process freedom' is used to refer to something that includes
 - (i) a capability set
 - (ii) agency
 - (iii) income
 - (iv) a resource

(Choose the correct answer)

7. Write short notes on any four topics:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Politics of Exclusion
- (b) Legitimacy of Humanitarian Intervention
- (c) Necessity of Global Justice
- (d) Is ecology apolitical?
- (e) Politics of Interpretation

5 SEM TDC DSE PSC (CBCS) 1 (A/B) (H)

5 SEM TDC DSE HIS (CBCS) 1 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-1

[Early and Medieval Assam (Till 1826)]

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions in a word or sentence: 1×8=8
 - (a) Who was the founder of Pala dynasty?
 - (b) Who was the Kashmiri king to marry a Kamarupa princess?
 - (c) What is the meaning of the word 'Pha'?

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•				
(d) Name the Moran king contemporary of Sukapha.	who was	4.	Explain briefly the contributions of Sukapha in the foundation of the Ahom Kingdom.	12
(e) In which year the Name Bridge constructed?	lang Stone		Or Describe the political condition of the	
(f) Who was the king of Burma second Burmese invasion of	-		Brahmaputra Valley at the time of the foundation of the Ahom Kingdom.	
(g) Who was the founder of Satra in Assam?	Mayamara	5.	Discuss the causes and results of the invasion of Mir Jumla. 6+6=	12
(h) What is the name of the ceremony of the Ahom king			Or	
Write short notes on any the following:	aree of the 4×3=12	•	Give a critical appraisal of the reign of Rudra Singha.	12
(a) Literary sources of Medieva	ıl Assam	6.	Narrate the circumstances leading to the downfall of the Ahom kingdom.	12
(b) Baro Bhuyans			Or	
(c) Phuleswari Konwari(d) Terrible days of Manar din	. ·		Write a brief note on the expedition of Captain Welsh towards Assam.	٠.
(e) Madhavdeva Describe the significance of t	he reign of	7.	Discuss the main features of the Ahom system of administration.	12
Pushyavarman as the founder			Or	
dynasty in Ancient Assam. Or	12		Describe the policy adopted by the Ahom rulers towards the neighbouring hill tribes.	
Give a brief account on the Sta	te formation		***	

2.

3.

5 SEM TDC DSE ASM (CBCS) 1 (A) (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ASSAMESE

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-1 (A)

(অসমীয়া ব্যাকৰণ, অভিধান আৰু জতুৱা প্ৰয়োগ)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

১। চমু উত্তৰ দিয়াঁ:

\$×৮=৮

- (ক) অসমীয়া ভাষাত স্বৰৰ হ্ৰস্থ-দীৰ্ঘৰ পাৰ্থক্য আছেনে ?
- (খ) অসমীয়া ভাষাত প্ৰত্যেকটো আখৰৰ সুকীয়া উচ্চাৰণ আছেনে ?
- (গ) এটা উপসৰ্গ যোগ কৰি এটা শব্দ গঠন কৰা।
- (ঘ) পত্ববিধিৰ নিষ্ক্ৰম প্ৰযোজ্য নোহোৱা এটা শব্দ লিখাঁ।

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- (ঙ) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ বচন ব্যাকৰণগত হয়নে?
- (চ) চন্দ্ৰবিন্দু (৬) বৰ্ণ হয়নে?
- (ছ) 'অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ উচ্চাৰণ' গ্ৰন্থখনৰ লিখক কোন?
- (জ) 'কন্ম' আৰু 'কৰ্ম' অসমীয়া আখৰ-জোঁটনিৰ মতে কোনটো শুদ্ধ, লিখাঁ।
- ২। (ক) অসমীয়া ভাষাত আখৰ-জোঁটনি ভুল হোৱাৰ কাৰণসমূহ উল্লেখ কৰি আখৰ-জোঁটনিৰ বিধিসমূহ লিখাঁ। ৫+১০≔১৫

অথবা

- (খ) 'অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ উচ্চাৰণ'—শীৰ্ষক এটি আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱাঁঃ ১৫
- (ক) প্ৰত্যয় কাক বালে? অসমীয়া ভাষাত কৃৎ প্ৰতায় আৰু
 তদ্ধিত প্ৰত্যয়ৰ যোগত শব্দৰ গঠন সম্পর্কে বুজাই লিখাঁ।
 ২+১২=১৪

অথবা

- (খ) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ বচনবাচক সৰ্গ আৰু লিঙ্গবাচক সৰ্গৰ ব্যৱহাৰ সম্পৰ্কে বুজাই লিখাঁ। ৭+৭=১৪

অথবা

(খ) চমু টোকা লিখাঁ:

9+9=58

- (১) হেমকোষ অভিধান
- (২) শৰাইঘাট অভিধান
- ৫। (ক) প্রশাসনিক পৰিভাষা বুলিলে কি বুজা? অসমীয়া ভাষাত
 প্রয়োগ হোরা প্রশাসনিক পৰিভাষাৰ বিষয়ে উদাহৰণ দি
 বুজাই লিখা।

অথবা

- (খ) পৰিভাষাৰ বিষয়ে সকলো দিশ সামৰি এটি প্ৰৱন্ধ লিখাঁ। ১৫
- ৬। (ক) চমু টোকা লিখাঁ:

9+9=58

- (১) জতুৱা ঠাঁচ
- (২) খণ্ডবাক্য

অথবা

(খ) অৰ্থ লিখি বাক্য ৰচনা কৰা :

8 <= P×\$

অথাই-সাগৰত পৰা ; কাঠ-চিতীয়া ; অহুকাণে-পহুকাণে ; গহৰা গজা ; চকুত ধূলি-মাৰ ; চালে চকু-ৰোৱা ; ধোঁৱা-খুলীয়া।

5 SEM TDC DSE ASM (CBCS) 1 (A) (H)

P23/**541** (Continued)

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5 SEM TDC GEHS (CBCS) GE 5

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Generic Elective)

Paper: GE-5

(Women in Indian History)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলৰ প্ৰশ্নবোৰৰ প্ৰতিটোৰ উত্তৰ এটা শব্দ বা এটা বাক্যত দিয়া:

 $1 \times 8 = 8$

Answer the following questions in *one* word or in *one* sentence each :

- (a) The Subjection of Women নামৰ গ্ৰন্থখন কোনে লিখিছিল? Who was the author of the book, The Subjection of Women?
- (b) বিশ্ব নাৰী দিৱস কোন দিনাখন পালন কৰা হয়?
 Which day is observed as the
 International Women's Day?
- (c) 'থেৰী ভিক্ষুণী' বুলি কাক জনা গৈছিল? Who was known as 'Theri Bhikkhuni'?

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- (d) প্রার্থনা সমাজ কোনে প্রতিষ্ঠা কৰিছিল? Who was the founder of Prarthana Samaj?
- (e) কোন চনত সাৰদা আইন গৃহীত হয় ? In which year was the Sarada Act passed?
- (f) WIA-ৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ ৰাপটো লিখা।
 Write the full form of WIA.
- (g) মধ্যযুগৰ ইতিহাসৰ এগৰাকী অসমীয়া বীৰাঙ্গনাৰ নাম লিখা। Name one brave woman of Medieval History of Assam.
- (h) 'অসম মহিলা সমিতি' কোন চনত গঠন কৰা হয়?
 When was the 'Assam Mahila Samiti' formed?
- চমু টোকা লিখা (যি কোনো তিনিটা) :

 $4 \times 3 = 12$

(Continued)

Write short notes on (any three):

- (a) পিতৃতান্ত্রিকতা Patriarchy
- (b) বৌদ্ধধৰ্মত নাৰীৰ স্থান Status of Women in Buddhism
- (c) আলিগড় আন্দোলন Aligarh Movement
- (d) তেভাগা আন্দোলন Tebhaga Movement
- (e) ভাৰতৰ স্বাধীনতা আন্দোলনত অসমীয়া মহিলাৰ ভূমিকা Role of Assamese women in freedom struggle of India

 নাৰী অধ্যয়ন মানে কি বুজা? নাৰী অধ্যয়নৰ পৰিসৰ সম্পর্কে আলোচনা কৰা।
 4+8=12

What do you mean by women studies? Discuss the scope of women studies.

অথবা / Or

লিংগৰ ধাৰণা সম্পৰ্কে লিখা। লিংগৰ ধাৰণাৰ বিভিন্ন দিশসমূহৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 4+8=12

Describe the concept of gender. Discuss about the various phenomena of the concept of gender.

4. বৈদিক যুগত সমাজত নাৰীৰ স্থান নিৰ্ণয় কৰা। 12
Evaluate the status of women in the Vedic period.

অথবা / Or

মধ্যযুগৰ ভাৰতৰ নাৰীৰ সামাজিক প্ৰস্থিতি কেনে আছিল, চমুকৈ আলোচনা কৰা।

Narrate briefly the social status of Indian women in Medieval India.

5. জ্যোতিবা ফুলে কোন আছিল? ভাৰতীয় নাৰীৰ সামাজিক স্থিতি উত্তৰণত তেওঁৰ অৱদান সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। 2+10=12 Who was Jyotiba Phule? Discuss his contribution towards the development of women's status in India.

অথবা / Or

উনবিংশ আৰু বিংশ শতিকাত নাৰীশিক্ষা বিকাশত মিছনেৰীসকলে লোৱা ভূমিকাৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 12 Discuss the role of Missionaries towards the development of women education in 19th and 20th Centuries.

6. ভাৰতত মহিলাই নাৰী ভোটাধিকাৰৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত সন্মুখীন হোৱা প্ৰত্যাহ্বানৰ বিষয়ে মূল্যান্ধন কৰা। 12 Evaluate the challenges that Indian women had to face in the process of acquiring Voting Rights.

অথবা / Or

গান্ধীযুগত ভাৰতৰ স্বাধীনতা আন্দোলনত নাৰীৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে এটা টোকা প্ৰস্তুত কৰা।

Prepare a note on the role of women in the freedom struggle of India during the Gandhian phase.

7. উনবিংশ আৰু বিংশ শতিকাত অসমত হোৱা সামাজিক সংস্থাৰ আন্দোলনৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। 12 Discuss the social reform movements of

অথবা / Or

Assam in the 19th and 20th Centuries.

অসমত নাৰী সংগঠনৰ বিকাশ সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। Describe the development of women's organization in Assam.

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5 SEM TDC GEHS (CBCS) GE 5

5 SEM TDC GEPS (CBCS) GE 5

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Generic Elective)

Paper: GE-5

(Reading Gandhi)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলত দিয়া প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া :

1×8=8

Answer the following questions:

- (a) প্রাসন্ধিক দৃষ্টিভংগী মানে কি?
 What is contextual approach?
- (b) ১৮৯৩–১৯১৪ সময়ছোৱা গান্ধীয়ে ক'ত অতিবাহিত কৰিছিল?

Where did Gandhi spend time during 1893-1914?

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(c)	গান্ধীয়ে কৰিছিল '	ৰতীয়	হৰিঙ	ক স	মাজ	কে	তিয়া	আৰম্ভ	
	When Harija			star	rt tl	ne .	All	India	

- (d) গান্ধীৰ দ্বাৰা লিখিত দুখন গ্ৰন্থৰ নাম লিখা।
 Write the names of two books written by Gandhi.
- (e) শান্তি বাহিনী মানে কি? What is Peace Brigades?
- f) গান্ধীয়ে ভাৰত ত্যাগ আন্দোলন কেতিয়া আৰম্ভ কৰিছিল?
 When did Gandhi start the Quit India
 Movement?
- (g) সতাগ্ৰহৰ এটা কৌশল লিখা। Write one technique of Satyagraha.
- (h) বৰ্ণবৈষম্য আন্দোলনৰ এটা উদাহৰণ লিখা।

 Write an example of anti-racism movement.
- তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×4=16
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) স্থৰাজ / Swaraj
 - (b) সতাগ্ৰহ / Satyagraha
 - (c) নৰ্মদা বাচাও আন্দোলন / Narmada Bachao Andolan
 - (d) অহিংসা / Non-violence

(Continued)

শ্রেষ্ঠ গ্রন্থ বুলিলে কি বুজা? গ্রন্থৰ ব্যাখ্যাৰ কাৰণে টেৰেন্স বলে
আগবঢ়োৱা বিভিন্ন কৌশলসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 3+9=12

What do you understand by a classic text? Discuss various strategies of interpreting texts as suggested by Terence Ball.

অথবা / Or

পাঠ্যক্রম দৃষ্টিভংগী আৰু প্রাসন্ধিক দৃষ্টিভংগীৰ মাজৰ পার্থক্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা ৷

Discuss the differences between textual approach and contextual approach.

4. গান্ধীৰ সত্য, অহিংসা আৰু নৈতিকতাৰ বিচাৰৰ সন্দৰ্ভত হিন্দ স্বৰাজ সম্পৰ্কে সমীক্ষা কৰা।

Analyze Hind Swaraj in context of Gandhi's views on truth, non-violence and morality.

অথবা / Or

গান্ধীৰ সৰ্বোদয়ৰ ধাৰণাৰ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

Explain Gandhi's concept of Sarvodayas.

5. গান্ধীৰ জাতীয়তাবদী ধাৰণাৰ বিভিন্ন বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰা। 11 Discuss about the various features of Gandhi's Nationalism.

অথবা / Or

সাম্প্রদায়িকতাবাদ বুলিলে কি বুজা? সাম্প্রদায়িক একতাৰ ওপৰত গান্ধীৰ মতবাদ সম্পর্কে ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 3+8=11

What do you mean by communalism? Explain Gandhi's ideas on communal unity.

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(Turn Over)

12

11

6. মহিলাৰ শিক্ষা আৰু সৱলীকৰণৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত গান্ধীৰ চিন্তাধাৰা আৰু তেওঁৰ এই চিন্তাধাৰা বৰ্তমান সময়ত কিমানদূৰ প্ৰাসংগিক, আলোচনা কৰা।

11

Discuss Gandhi's ideas for women education and empowerment and the relevance of his thought at the present time.

অথবা / Or

গান্ধীয়ে অম্পৃশ্যতাক হিন্দু ধর্মৰ আটাইতকৈ ডাঙৰ অভিশাপ বুলি কিয় গণ্য কৰিছে? আলোচনা কৰা।

Why does Gandhi consider untouchability as the greatest curse on Hinduism? Discuss.

7. পৃষ্ঠপোষক আচাৰ্য বিনোৱা ভাৱেৰ ভূ-দান আন্দোলন সম্পর্কে আলোচনা কৰা।

11

Discuss the Bhoodan Movement as propounded by Acharya Vinoba Bhave.

অথবা / Or

নিৰস্ত্ৰীকৰণ আন্দোলন সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss about the Disarmament Movement.

5 SEM TDC GEEC (CBCS) GE 5

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Generic Elective)

Paper: GE-5

(Introductory Microeconomics)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ নির্দেশানুযায়ী উত্তৰ লিখা :

1×8=8

Answer the following as directed:

(a) অৰ্থবিজ্ঞানৰ দুষ্প্ৰাপ্যতাৰ সংজ্ঞাটো ____ লগত জড়িত।

Scarcity definition of economics deals with

(i) অসীম অভাৱৰ unlimited wants

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- (ii) সম্পদসমূহৰ দুষ্প্ৰাপ্যতাৰ scarcity of means
- (iii) সম্পদৰ বিকল্প ব্যৱহাৰৰ alternative uses of means
- (iv) ওপৰৰ আটাইকেইটা All of the above

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা) (Choose the correct answer)

- (b) ব্যষ্টিবাদী আৰু সমষ্টিবাদী অৰ্থনীতিৰ মাজৰ এটা পাৰ্থক্য উল্লেখ কৰা। Mention one difference between microeconomics and macroeconomics.
- (c) সংমিশ্রিত চাহিদা কি?
 What is composite demand?
- (d) চাহিদা বিধিৰ এটা ব্যতিক্ৰম উল্লেখ কৰা।

 Mention one exception of the law of demand.
- (e) X দ্বব্য আৰু Y দ্বব্য যদি সম্পূৰ্ণ পৰিপ্ৰক হয়, তেন্তে For perfect complementarity between two goods X and Y
 - (i) MRS_{XY} শ্ন্য হ'ব MRS_{XY} will be zero

(ii) MRS_{YX} শ্ন্য হ'ব MRS_{YX} will be zero

(iii) MRS_{XY} আৰু MRS_{YX} দুয়োটা শূন্য হ'ব both MRS_{XY} and MRS_{YX} will be zero

(iv) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

None of the above

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

(Choose the correct answer)

- গ্ৰে সামাজিক ব্যয় কি?
 What is social cost?
- (g) প্রাকৃতিক একচেটিয়া কি?
 What is natural monopoly?
- (h) যেতিয়া উপাদানৰ বজাৰত অসম্পূৰ্ণ প্ৰতিযোগিতা হয়, তেতিয়া

When there is imperfect competition in the factor market, then

- (i) VMP = MRP
- (ii) VMP > MRP
- (iii) VMP < MRP
- (iv) ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

None of the above

(শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা)

(Choose the correct answer)

(Continued)

2. তলৰ যি কোনো চাৰিটাৰ চমু টোকা লিখা (প্ৰতিটো ১৫০ শব্দৰ ভিতৰত): 4×4=16

Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each):

- (a) ব্যষ্টিৰদী অর্থনীতিৰ সীমাবদ্ধতা Limitations of microeconomics
- (b) দৰ নিয়ন্ত্ৰণ Controls on prices
- (c) আগুৰা ৰেখা Envelope curve
- (d) বাজেট প্রতিবন্ধক Budget constraints
- (e) শ্ৰমৰ বজাৰ আৰু চৰকাৰী নীতি
 Labour market and public policy

তলত দিয়া প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা (প্ৰতিটো ৫০০ শব্দৰ ভিতৰত) :

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each):

অথবা / Or

(b) অর্থনৈতিক আর্হি কি? অর্থনৈতিক আর্হিৰ সাধাৰণ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ লিখা। এটা অর্থনৈতিক আর্হি কেনেদৰে প্রস্তুত কৰিব পাৰি, উপযুক্ত উদাহৰণসহ দেখুওৱা।

2+3+6=11

What is an economic model? Write the general features of an economic model. Discuss how you can develop an economic model by taking a suitable example.

4. (a) ব্যক্তিগত চাহিদা আৰু যোগান নিৰ্ধাৰণ কৰা উপাদানসমূহ কি কি? বজাৰ দৰৰ ওপৰত তলত দিয়াবোৰে কি প্ৰভাৱ পেলাই, দেখুওৱা: 6+3+3=12

What are the factors that determine individual demand and supply? Analyze the effect of the following on market price:

্র্যে) যেতিয়া চাহিদাৰ পৰিৱৰ্তন যোগানৰ পৰিৱৰ্তনতকৈ বেছি হয়

When changes in demand are higher than changes in supply

- (ii) সম্পর্কিত দ্রব্যৰ দৰৰ পৰিৱর্তন Changes in price of related goods অথবা / Or
- (b) চাহিদাৰ দৰ স্থিতিস্থাপকতা, আয় স্থিতিস্থাপকতা আৰু তিৰ্যক স্থিতিস্থাপকতা ধাৰণাকেইটা ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। এডাল ৰৈখিক চাহিদা ৰেখাত দৰ স্থিতিস্থাপকতা কেনেদৰে পৰিমাপ কৰা হয়? এখন প্ৰতিষ্ঠানৰ সিদ্ধান্ত গ্ৰহণত চাহিদাৰ দৰ স্থিতিস্থাপকতাই কি ভূমিকা গ্ৰহণ কৰে?

6+3+3=12

Explain the concepts of price elasticity, income elasticity and cross elasticity of demand. How is the price elasticity of demand measured on a linear demand curve? What role does price elasticity of demand play in decision making by a firm?

5. (a) উপভোক্তাৰ পছন্দতা কি? উপভোক্তাৰ পছন্দতাৰ অভিধাৰণাকেইটা লিখা। নিৰপেক্ষ ৰেখাৰ সহায়ত এজন উপভোক্তা কেনেকৈ ভাৰসাম্য লাভ কৰে, ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 2+3+6=11

> What are consumer preferences? Write the assumptions of consumer preferences. Explain how a consumer attains equilibrium with the help of indifference curve.

অথবা / Or

(b) আয় বিপাক আৰু প্ৰতিকল্প বিপাক কি? তলত দিয়াকেইটাই উপভোক্তাৰ ভাৰসাম্যৰ ওপৰত কেনে প্ৰভাৱ পোলাই, ব্যাখ্যা কৰা: 5+6=11

What are income effect and substitution effect? Explain the effect of the following on consumer's equilibrium:

- (i) উপভোক্তাৰ আয় বৃদ্ধি
 Increase in consumer's income
- (ii) Y দ্ৰব্যৰ দৰ একে থকা অৱস্থাত X দ্ৰব্যৰ দৰ বৃদ্ধি

Increase in price of good X while the price of good Y remains constant

(Continued)

6. (a) উদাহৰণসহ আর্থিক মিতব্যয়িতা আৰু আর্থিক অমিতব্যয়িতাসমূহ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। উৎপাদনৰ আর্থিক মিতব্যয়িতা আৰু অমিতব্যয়িতাই দীর্থকালীন গড় ব্যয়ব ঢাল নির্ধারণত কি প্রভাব পেলাই? 4+4+3=11

> Explain with examples the economies and diseconomies of scale. How do economies and diseconomies of scale determine the slope of the LAC curve?

অথবা / Or

(b) প্রতিষ্ঠান কি? এখন প্রতিষ্ঠানৰ উদ্দেশ্যসমূহ কি কি? বিভিন্ন ব্যয়ৰ পৰিপ্রেক্ষিতত এখন প্রতিষ্ঠানে পূর্ণ প্রতিযোগী বজাৰত কেনেদৰে ভাৰসাম্য লাভ কৰে, চিত্রসহ দেখুওৱা। 2+2+7=11

What is a firm? What are the objectives of a firm? Explain with diagram, how a firm attains equilibrium in a perfectly competitive market under different cost conditions.

7. (a) উৎপাদনৰ উপাদানৰ উৎপাদনশীলতা বুলিলে কি বুজা?
পূৰ্ণ প্ৰতিযোগী বজাৰত উপাদানৰ চাহিদা বেখা কেনেকৈ
আহৰণ কৰা হয়, ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। উপাদানৰ চাহিদা ৰেখা
স্থানান্তৰ হোৱাৰ দুটা কাৰণ উল্লেখ কৰা। 2+7+2=11

What do you mean by productivity of an input? Explain the derivation of input demand curve under perfect market.

Mention two factors that cause a shift in

input demand curve.

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অথবা / Or

- (b) (i) ভূমিৰ বজাৰ আৰু শ্ৰমৰ বজাৰৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ উল্লেখ কৰা। 2+2=4

 Mention the features of land market and labour market.
 - (ii) পূৰ্ণ প্ৰতিযোগী বজাৰত শ্ৰমৰ বজাৰৰ ভাৰসাম্য কেনেদৰে লাভ কৰে, ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 7 Explain how equilibrium is attained in labour market under perfect competition.

3 & 5 SEM TDC BTEL (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Paper: SEC-3.1/5.1

(Basics of Teaching in Elementary Level)

Full Marks: 40
Pass Marks: 16

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলত দিয়া প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

Answer the following questions:

(a) বিনামূলীয়া আৰু বাধ্যতামূলক শিক্ষাৰ সাংবিধানিক অনুচ্ছেদটো কি?

What is the constitutional provision of free and compulsory education?

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- (b) "কৈশোৰকাল ধুমুহা আৰু পীড়নৰ সময়।" কথাষাৰ কোনে কৈছিল? "Adolescence is a period of storm and stress." Who said this?
- (c) পাঠ্যক্ৰমৰ এটা প্ৰকাৰ উল্লেখ কৰা।

 Mention one type of curriculum.
- (d) বৰ্তমানৰ পৰীক্ষা ব্যৱস্থাৰ এটা আসোঁৱাহ লিখা ৷
 Write one defect of present examination system.
- প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা মানে কি? প্রাথমিক শিক্ষাব গুরুত্ব সম্পর্কে
 প্রিখা।
 2+7=9

What is elementary education? Write the importance of elementary education.

অথবা / Or

প্ৰাথমিক শিক্ষাৰ বিকাশৰ বাবে ৰাজ্য আৰু কেন্দ্ৰীয় চৰকাৰে লোৱা ব্যৱস্থাসমূহ লিখা।

Write the schemes taken by the State and Central Government for the development of elementary education.

3. বৃদ্ধি আৰু বিকাশ মানে কি? বাল্যকালৰ যি কোনো পাঁচোটা বৈশিষ্ট্য লিখা! 4+5=9

What is meant by growth and development? Write any five characteristics of childhood.

- 4. সহ-পাঠ্যক্রমিক কার্যাৱলী মানে কি? সহ-পাঠ্যক্রমিক কার্যাৱলীৰ গুৰুত্ব আৰু প্রয়োজনৰ বিষয়ে লিখা। 2+7=9

 What are co-curricular activities? Write the need and importance of co-curricular activities.
- 5. মূল্যায়ন মানে কি? অবিৰত আৰু সামগ্ৰিক মূল্যায়নৰ ওপৰত এটা টোকা লিখা ৷ 2+7=9 What is evaluation? Write a note on continuous and comprehensive evaluation.

3 & 5 SEM TDC BTEL (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1

Total No. of Printed Pages—2

3 & 5 SEM TDC PHSHP (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1

2022

(Nov/Dec)

COMPUTER SCIENCE

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Paper: SEC-3.1/5.1

[Photoshop (Theory)]

Full Marks: 20 Pass Marks: 8

Time: 1 hour

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following:

1×6=6

- (a) What is bit depth?
- (b) Write one use of eyedropper tool.
- (c) What is the keyboard shortcut for hiding/showing ruler in Photoshop?
- (d) What is gradient in Photoshop?
- (e) What does the marquee tool do?
- (f) Name any two colour modes used in Photoshop.

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2. Answer any five of the following: 2×5=10

- (a) Write the steps to save an image in Photoshop.
- (b) Write the steps to crop an image in Photoshop.
- (c) Write the use of clone stamp or history brush tool in Photoshop.
- (d) Explain any one type of pen tool.
- (e) Write the steps to rotate an image by 90° in counterclockwise.
- (f) What is the difference between aliasing and anti-aliasing?

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3. What are the brush shapes available in Photoshop? Explain.

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Explain any two types of selection tool in Photoshop.

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3 & 5 SEM TDC PHSHP (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1,

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3 & 5 SEM TDC HR (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1

2022

(Nov/Dec)

JURIDICAL STUDIES

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Paper: SEC-3.1/5.1

(Human Rights)

Full Marks: 40
Pass Marks: 16

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions:
 - Why is 10th December celebrated as Human Rights Day?
 - (b) What is Magna Carta?
 - (c) What are Collective Rights?
 - (d) What is the full form of UNHCR?

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(Turn Over)

1×4=4

	(2)
	and the second of the second o
	2. Answer the following questions: 3×4=12
	(a) Mention the kinds of theories of Human Rights.
·	(b) Mention three functions of National Human Rights Commission.
	(c) Write three objectives of International Court of Justice.
ı	(d) What is Third Generation Human Rights?
	Answer any two of the following questions: 12×2=24
	3. Write an elaborate note on evolution of the concept of Human Rights. How far this journey of Human Rights has contributed towards Human Civilization? Explain. 8+4=12
	4. Critically analyze the role of Indian judiciary on protection of Human Rights in India. 12
	5. Discuss the salient features of the Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.
	6. Write notes on the following: 6×2=12
•	(a) UN Human Rights Council
	(b) European Court of Human Rights

	3 & 5 SEM TDC HR (CBCS)
	P23—6000 /283 SEC 3.1/5.1

3 & 5 SEM TDC BLIBIS (CBCS) SEC 3.1/5.1

2022

(Nov/Dec)

LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE (Skill Enhancement Course)

Paper: SEC-3.1/5.1

(Basics of Library and Information Science)

Full Marks: 40
Pass Marks: 16

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া (যি কোনো চাৰিটা) : 1×4=4

 Answer the following questions (any four) :
 - (a) গ্ৰন্থা আৰু বিশ্ব কি?What is the primary objective of a library?
 - (b) গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ 'ই-সম্পদ' বুলিলে তুমি কি বুজা?
 What do you mean by 'e-resource' of a library?

- (c) OPAC 俸? What is OPAC?
- (d) তথ্যৰ secondary sourceৰ দুটা উদাহৰণ লিখা।
 Write two examples of secondary source of information.
- (e) 'ই-জার্নেল' কি ? What is e-journal?
- 2. তলত দিয়াসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া/ওপৰত লিখা (যি কোনো চাৰিটা) : 2×4=8

Answer/write on the following (any four):

- (a) বিশেষ গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ দুটা সেৱা Two services of special library
- (b) গ্ৰন্থাৰ পৰিচালনাত গ্ৰন্থাগাৰিকৰ ভূমিকা Role of librarian in 'Library Management'
- (c) অনানুষ্ঠানিক শিক্ষা Informal education
- (d) গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ ছপা সম্পদসমূহ উল্লেখ কৰা ৷

 Mention the print resources of a library.
- (e) পঠন অভ্যাস আৰু শৈক্ষিক গ্ৰন্থাগাৰ
 Reading habit and academic library

- তলত দিয়াসমূহৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা (যি কোনো চাৰিটা):
 3×4=12
 Write short notes on the following (any four):
 - (a) কিতাপ এখনৰ 'গ্ৰন্থপঞ্জী বিৱৰণী'
 Bibliographic description of a book
 - (b) Web OPACৰ চাৰিটা উপকাৰিতা Four benefits of Web OPAC
 - (c) Circulation বিভাগৰ মুখ্য কাৰ্যাৱলী
 Primary works of circulation section
 - (d) শৈক্ষিক লিখনিত secondary source ভূমিকা Role of secondary source in academic writings
 - (e) ৰাজহুৱা গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা Importance of public library
- 4. (a) "ৰাজহুৱা গ্ৰন্থাগাৰ হৈছে শিক্ষা, সংস্কৃতি আৰু তথ্যৰ এটা জীৱিত শক্তি।" বাক্যশাৰী বৰ্ণনা কৰা। 8 "Public library is a living force for education, culture and information." Explain this statement.

অথবা / Or

- (b) তোমাৰ মহাবিদ্যালয় গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ প্ৰাথমিক গ্ৰাহ্কসমূহ
 কোন ? গ্ৰন্থাগাৰৰ সেৱাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত ইয়াৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা
 সম্পৰ্কে ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

 4+4=8

 Who are the primary user of your college
 library? Explain its importance for the
 library services.
- 5. (a) শৈক্ষিক গ্ৰন্থাগাৰ কি? শৈক্ষিক গ্ৰন্থাগাৰ এটিয়ে সম্পন্ন কৰা কাৰ্যাৱলী কি কি? 2+6=8 What is academic library? What are the activities performed in an academic library?

অথবা / Or

(b) ICTৰ লগত জড়িত কোনবোৰ সেৱা তৃমি তোমাৰ গ্ৰন্থাগাৰত ব্যৱহাৰ কৰিছা? বহলাই লিখা। 8 What are the ICT-based services you have used in your library? Elaborate.

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5 SEM TDC DSE HIS (CBCS) 1 (NH)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Discipline Specific Elective)
(For Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-1

{ Rise of Modern West }

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ প্ৰতিটোৰ উত্তৰ এটা শব্দ বা এটা বাক্যত দিয়া : 1×8=8

Answer the following questions in one word or in one sentence each :

- (i) ছপাযন্ত্ৰ কোনে আৱিষ্কাৰ কৰিছিল? Who invented the printing press?
- (ii) ত্ৰিশ বছৰীয়া যুদ্ধৰ অন্তত স্বাক্ষৰিত হোৱা চুক্তিখনৰ নাম পিখা।

Name the Treaty that was signed after Thirty Years' War.

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- (iii) "ময়েই ৰাষ্ট্ৰ।" বুলি কোনে কৈছিল? "I am the State." Who said this?
- (iv) 'হুগোনেট'সকল কোন ? Who were the Huguenots'?
- (v) আধুনিক ৰুচিয়াৰ পিতৃ বুলিলে কাক বুজা যায়?
 Who was known as the father of
 Modern Russia?
- (vi) শিল্প বিপ্লৱ শব্দটো কোনে প্ৰথমে ব্যৱহাৰ কৰিছিল? Who first used the term Industrial Revolution?
- (vii) কোনে 'টেনিচ ক'ৰ্টৰ শপথ' গ্ৰহণ কৰিছিল?
 Who had taken the 'Oath of the Tennis Court'?
- (viii) ভিয়েনা কংগ্ৰেছত ফ্রান্সক কোনে প্রতিনিধিত্ব কৰিছিল? Who represented France in the Vienna Congress?
- (b) চমু টোকা লিখা (যি কোনো তিনিটা) : 4×3=12

 Write short notes on (any three) :
 - (i) কনষ্টাণ্টিনোপলৰ পতন Fall of Constantinople
 - (ii) ৰিছেলউ Richelieu

- (iii) পুঁজিবাদ Capitalism
- (iv) শিল্প বিপ্লৱ Industrial Revolution
- (v) মেটাৰনিক Metternich
- 2. ধর্মসংস্কাৰ আন্দোলনৰ কাৰণ আৰু ফলাফল সম্পর্কে লিখা। 12
 Write about the causes and effects of the
 Reformation Movement.

অথবা / Or

প্ৰতিসংস্কাৰ আন্দোলন বুলিলে কি বুজা? কি কি ব্যৱস্থাৱলীৰ সহায়ত এই আন্দোলন কাৰ্যকৰী কৰা হৈছিল? 4+8=12 What do you mean by the Counter-Reformation Movement? What were the measures through which the Movement was materialized?

3. ইউৰোপৰ বাণিজ্যিক বিপ্লৱৰ কাৰণ আৰু ফলাফল নিৰ্ণয় কৰা। 12 Evaluate the causes and effects of the Commercial Revolution of Europe.

অথবা / Or

স্পেইনৰ পঞ্চম চাৰ্লচৰ স্বেচ্ছাচাৰী ৰাজতন্ত্ৰৰ বিষয়ে লিখা।
Write about the absolute monarchy of Spain under Charles V.

 ৰোড়শ আৰু সপ্তদশ শতিকাৰ বৈজ্ঞানিক বিপ্লৱৰ এক চমু সমীক্ষা আগবঢ়োৱা।

12

Give a brief outline of the Scientific Revolution of the 16th and 17th centuries.

অথবা / Or

আমেৰিকাৰ স্বাধীনতা যুদ্ধৰ তাৎপৰ্য ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। Explain the significance of the American War of Independence.

5. প্ৰজাহিতৈষী স্বেচ্ছাচাৰী শাসক হিচাপে ৰুচিয়াৰ জাৰীণা দ্বিতীয় কেথেৰীণৰ ৰাজত্বকালৰ মূল্যায়ন কৰা। 12
Assess the reign of Czarina Catherine II of Russia as an enlightened despot.

অথবা / Or

ইউৰোপত সামন্তবাদৰ উত্থান আৰু পতন সম্পৰ্কে চমুকৈ আলোচনা কৰা।

Discuss briefly on the rise and fall of the Feudalism in Europe.

6. ১৭৮৯ চনৰ ফৰাচী বিপ্লৱৰ তাৎপৰ্য বিশ্লেষণ কৰা। 12
Analyze the significance of the French
Revolution of 1789.

অথবা / Or

নেপোলিয়ন বোনাপাৰ্টৰ পতনৰ কাৰণবোৰ আলোচনা কৰা। Discuss the causes of the downfall of Napoleon Bonaparte.

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5 SEM TDC ASMH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ASSAMESE

(Core)

Paper: C-11

(Assamese Drama)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

১। চমু উত্তৰ লিখাঁ:

>>b=b

- (ক) 'নাট্যশাস্ত্ৰ'ৰ প্ৰণেতা কোন ?
- (খ) শংকৰদেৱে ৰচনা কৰা অন্তিম নাটখন কি?
- (গ) প্ৰথম অসমীয়া সামাজিক নাটকখনৰ নাম কি?
- (ঘ) অসমীয়া নাটকত অংকিত প্ৰথম জনজাতীয় চৰিত্ৰটো কি?

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- 'অনাতাঁৰ নাট্যাৱলী'ৰ সম্পাদক কোন ?
- (চ) যোগেন চেতিয়াই ৰচনা কৰা শিশুনাটৰ সংগ্ৰহটিৰ নাম কি?
- ''অধিকাৰ প্ৰতিষ্ঠাৰ বাবে সংঘৰ্ষ হ'বই লাগিব। সেই সংঘৰ্ষৰ স্বৰূপ কি মই নাজানো। কিন্তু এই জোঙা শিলছটাই সেই সংঘৰ্ষৰ পথত মোক দিক্দৰ্শন কৰিব।" সংলাপটো কাৰ?
- (জ) 'নাট্যসাহিত্যৰ জিলিঙনি' কাৰ ৰচনা?
- ২। (ক) অসমীয়া নাট্যসাহিত্যৰ ইতিহাস সামৰি এটি নিবন্ধ যুগুত কৰা ।

অথবা

- (খ) 'শংকৰোত্তৰ যুগৰ অসমীয়া নাটক' এই শীৰ্ষক এটি নিবন্ধ যুগুতোৱাঁ।
- ৩। (ক) 'ৰুক্মিণীহৰণ নাট'ৰ উদাহৰণেৰে অংকীয়া নাটৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ আলোচনা কৰাঁ। ১২

অথবা

'কক্সিণীহৰণ নাট'ৰ নাৰী চৰিত্ৰসমূহৰ বিষয়ে এটি আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱাঁ ৷

৪। (ক) উদ্দেশ্যধর্মী নাটক হিচাপে পদ্মনাথ গোহাঞিবৰুৱাৰ 'গাঁওবৃঢ়া' নাটকৰ সফলতা বিচাৰ কৰাঁ।

অথবা

- (খ) পদ্মনাথ গোহাঞিবৰুৱাৰ নাট্যসাহিত্যৰ পৰিচয় দি গতিশীল চৰিত্ৰ হিচাপে ৰংদৈৰ চৰিত্ৰটো বিশ্লেষণ কৰা।
- ৫। (ক) 'কুকুৰনেচীয়া মানুহ' নাটকত ছিন্নমূল মানুহৰ চিৰবঞ্চনাৰ ছবি কিদৰে প্ৰতিফলিত হৈছে, আলোচনা কৰাঁ।

অথবা

অসমীয়া নাট্যসাহিত্যলৈ যোগেন চেতিয়াৰ অৱদানৰ বিষয়ে লিখি 'ধানটো-পতানটো' নাটকত নাট্যকাৰৰ সামাজিক চেতনাৰ প্ৰকাশ কিদৰে ঘটিছে, বিচাৰ কৰাঁ।

৬। চমু টোকা পিখাঁ (যি কোনো দুটা):

৮×২=১৬

70

- (ক) জ্যোতিপ্ৰসাদৰ নাটক
- ঝুমুৰা

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একাংকিকা নাটক

১২

5 SEM TDC ASMH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ASSAMESE

(Core)

Paper: C-12

(Studies on Assamese Linguistics)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

১। (ক) ধ্বনি, বর্ণ আৰু উপধ্বনিৰ সংজ্ঞা লিখি উদাহবণ দিয়াঁ। তিনিওটাৰ মাজৰ পাৰস্পৰিক সম্পর্ক আৰু পার্থক্য বিচাৰ কবাঁ। ৬+৫+৫=১৬

অথবা

(খ) চমু টোকা লিখাঁ (যি কোনো চাৰিটা):

8×8=7@

- (১) বাগিন্দ্ৰিয়ৰ পৰিচয়
- (২) ধ্বনিৰ পৰা বৰ্ণ নিৰূপণ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া

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- (৩) বিষমীভৱন
- (৪) স্পুনাৰিজম
- (৫) আগম
- ২। (ক) উচ্চাৰণৰ স্থান আৰু ধৰণ অনুসৰি অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ ব্যঞ্জনবৰ্ণসমূহৰ এখন তালিকা প্ৰস্তুত কৰাঁ। ইয়াৰে স্পৰ্শবৰ্ণসমূহৰ আদি স্থানত বিৰোধ বিচাৰ কৰি প্ৰতিটো বৰ্ণৰ প্ৰতিনিধিত্বকাৰী আখৰসমূহ উল্লেখ কৰাঁ। ৪+৮+৪=১৬

অথবা

- (খ) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ লয়বৰ্ণসমূহ কি কি ? উদাহৰণসহ প্ৰতিটো বৰ্ণ সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। ২+১৪=১৬
- ত। (ক) আকৃতি, প্ৰাকৃতি আৰু উপাকৃতিৰ সংজ্ঞা লিখি উদাহৰণ
 দিয়াঁ। প্ৰত্যেক্ৰে মাজৰ পার্থক্য বিচাৰ কৰা। ৬+৯=১

অথবা

(খ) চমু টোকা লিখাঁ (যি কোনো ভিনিটা):

6×0=3

- (১) প্ৰাকৃতিৰ অৱস্থানগত শ্ৰেণীবিভাগ
- (২) আকৃতিৰ পৰা প্ৰাকৃতি নিৰূপণ
- (৩) আকৃতি আৰু প্ৰাকৃতিৰ সম্পৰ্ক বিচাৰ
- (৪) উপাকৃতিৰ সংজ্ঞা আৰু উদাহৰণ

8। (ক) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ শব্দ গঠন আৰু সাধন প্ৰক্ৰিয়া সম্পৰ্কে উদাহৰণসহ এটি আলোচনা যুগুত কৰা। ১২

অথবা

- (খ) ব্যাকৰণগত বিষয় বুলিলে কি বুজা? অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ ব্যাকৰণগত বিষয়সমূহৰ বিষয়ে উদাহৰণসহ এটি টোকা যুগুত কৰা। ২+১০=১২
- ৫। (ক) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ বাক্য গঠন প্ৰক্ৰিয়া সম্পৰ্কে সকলো দিশ
 সামৰি উদাহৰণসহ এটি নিবন্ধ যুগুত কৰা।

অথব,

(খ) টোকা লিখাঁ (যি কোনো দুটা):

9×2=58

- (১) অসমীয়া বাকাৰ প্ৰকাৰ
- (২) অৱস্থানগত বিভাগ অনুসৰি অসমীয়া বাক্যৰ বিশ্লেষণ
- (৩) খণ্ডবাক্য গঠনৰ নিয়ম অনুসৰি অসমীয়া বাকাৰ বিশ্লেষণ

৬। চমু উত্তৰ লিখাঁ:

5×9=9

- (ক) ধ্বনিবিজ্ঞান সম্পর্কে অসমীয়া ভাষাত পোনপ্রথমে কোনে গ্রন্থ ৰচনা কৰিছিল ?
- (খ) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ পাশ্চিক ধ্বনিটো কি?
- (গ) অনিয়তাঘৃষ্ট ধ্বনি বুলিলে কোনবিলাক ধ্বনিক বুজায় ?
- (ঘ) বাক্য শ্বাসাঘাত বুলিলে কি কুজা?

- (ঙ) লাহোৱাল>লাওহাল—ইয়াত ধ্বনি পৰিৱৰ্তনৰ কোনটো নিয়ম প্ৰযোজ্য হৈছে ?
- (চ) অসমীয়া ভাষাৰ স্ত্ৰী প্ৰত্যমকেইটা কি কি ?
- (ছ) Syntactic Structures গ্ৰন্থৰ লেখক কোন?

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5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 5 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-5

(Money and Financial Markets)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed:
- 1×8=8
- (a) The words 'Bulls and Bears' are associated with
 - (i) import and export
 - (ii) banking
 - (iii) marketing
 - (iv) speculator

(Choose the correct answer)

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(b) ____ is also called zero-coupon bond.

	(Fill in the blank)
(c)	Which of the following is/are the instrument of money market?
	(i) Call money
·	(ii) Certificate of deposits
	(iii) Trade bills
	(iv) All of the above
	(Choose the correct answer)
(d)	The capital market in India is controlled by
	(i) RBI
	(ii) SEBI
	(iii) NABARD
	(iv) None of the above
	(Choose the correct answer)
(e)	Mention any one function of commercial bank.
Ø	With lowering margin requirements by the Central Bank, the borrowing capacity of the borrowers
	(i) rises
	(ü) falls
	(iii) may rise or may fall
	(iv) remains unchanged
	(Choose the correct answer)
P23 /513	(Continued)

	(g)	Money supply is a stock/flow concept.
		(Choose the correct answer)
	(h)	Bombay Stock Exchange is the stock exchange of Asia. (Fill in the blank)
2.		te short notes on the following within) words each (any $four$): $4\times4=16$
	(a)	Call money market
	(b)	Non-banking financial intermediaries
	(c)	Treasury bill market
	(d)	Selective credit control method by the Central Bank
	(e)	Sources of interest rate differentials
3.	(a)	Discuss the concept of supply of money and its measurement. 4+8=12
		Or
	(b)	Discuss RBI's approach to money supply. Prepare a brief note on high-powered money. 8+4=12
4.	(a)	What do you mean by money market? What are its functions? Discuss the structure of money market. 2+3+6=11

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Or

- (b) What are the components of capital market? How are securities issued in the primary market? What is the difference between primary and secondary security market? 2+6+3=11
- 5. (a) What do you mean by stock exchange?
 What is the difference between stock
 exchange and stock market? Discuss
 the operation of stock market in India.

2+3+6=11

O

- (b) Write notes on (i) BSE Sensex and (ii) NSE Nifty. 5½+5½=11
- 6. (a) Discuss the expectations theory of term structure of interest rate.

Or

(b) Compare and contrast liquidity preference and preferred habitat theories of term structure of interest rate.

11

7. (a) Discuss the credit control methods of the Central Bank.

Or

(b) Discuss monetary management in an open economy. 11

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5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 6 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-6

(Public Economics)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- **1.** Choose the correct option/Answer the following: 1×8=8
 - (a) The book, Principles of Public Finance, first published in 1922, was written by
 - (i) Hugh Dalton
 - (ii) R. A. Musgrave
 - (iii) Philip E. Taylor
 - (iv) Adolph Wagner

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(b)	Define public good.							
(c)	What are market externalities?							
(d)	Mention a source of non-tax revenue of the Government of India.							
(e)	What is the full form of SGST?							
(f)	The burden of long-term public loan is on							
	(i) present generation							
	(ii) past generation							
	(iii) future generation							
	(iv) None of the above							
<i>(g)</i>	The Finance Commission of India is a/an							
	(i) Term Body							
	(ii) Advisory Body							
: , ·	(iii) Planning Committee							
	(iv) Tax Commission							
(h)	The main objective of tax is							
	(i) regulation of economy							
	(ii) increase in production							
	(iii) increase in consumption							
	(iv) None of the above							
	•							

2.	Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16						
٠	(a)	Importance of public finance					
	(b)	Samuelson's theory of public expenditure					
	(c)	The Coase theorem					
	(d)	Economic effects of taxation					
	(e)	Advantages of Goods and Services Tax					
Ansv each		he following questions (within 500 words					
3.	٠.	Discuss the meaning and scope of public economics.					
		Or ···					
	(b)	Discuss critically the need for public sector in an underdeveloped country. 11					
4.	(a)	Explain the various characteristics of public goods. How would you distinguish pure public goods from impure public goods? Why does free-rider problem occur in case of public goods? 5+2+4=11					
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
	(b)	(i) Explain the efficient allocation of public goods. 5					
		(ii) Explain Lindahl's equilibrium of public expenditure.					

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5. (a) Distinguish between positive and negative externalities. What are the various ways to internalise them? 3+8=11

Or

- (b) What do you mean by market failure? Explain the characteristics of externalities. 4+7=11
- 6. (a) State the meaning of ability to pay taxation theory. On what factors does the ability of a person to pay taxes depend?
 4+7=11

Or.

- (b) What do you mean by incidence of taxation? Discuss the importance of the concept of incidence of taxation.
 Mention the factors affecting incidence of taxation.
 2+4+5=11
- 7. (a) What is public budget? Explain the budgetary procedures in India. 2+10=12

Or

(b) What is public debt? Distinguish between internal and external debt.
 Briefly analyse the trend of public debt in India since Independence. 2+5+5=12

5 SEM TDC DSE ECO (CBCS) 3 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-3

[Economic History of India (1857-1947)]

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- **1.** Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 8 = 8$
 - (a) In which year were the data on population first collected through a census?
 - (i) 1861
 - (ii) 1871
 - (iii) 1880
 - (iv) 1881

(Choose the correct answer)

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A GONDA ON AND ONE WHO

- Gandhian economic thought advocates
 - (i) urban growth
 - (ii) centralization of economic power
 - (iii) industrialization and use technology
 - (iv) growth of small-scale and cottage industries

(Choose the correct answer)

- What was the main cause of negative growth of population in India during 1911-1921?
- Mention the name of one notable economist who estimated India's per during the British capita income colonial period.
- Which of the following cities was not the largest Port City during the British colonial period? SAMMON
 - (i) Bombay

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- (ii) Delhi
- (iii) Calcutta
- (iv) Madras

(Choose the correct answer)

(Continued)

- Write one impact of Partition on agriculture.
- Name one modern industry that began to take root in India during the secondhalf of the 19th century.
- (h) Which was the major source of government revenue in British India?
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each): 4×4=16
 - Gandhiji's view on solving the problem of unemployment
 - Development of railways
 - Problem of public debt Independence ...
 - (d) Commercialization of agriculture during pre-Independence period
 - (e) Foreign capital in colonial India
- Discuss the emergence of modern capitalist industrial units in India.

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Explain the laws of inheritance and its impact on agricultural production.

P23/**512**

(Turn Over)

P23/512

- 4. Discuss M. G. Ranade's ideas on-
 - (i) economic development;
 - (ii) poverty.

5+5=10

Or seek and the

Highlight Gandhian economic thoughts.

Explain Gandhian model of economic planning.

4+6=10

5. Discuss the problem of rural indebtedness in India during pre-Independence period. 10

Or

Critically analyze the land system that prevailed in India during the British rule. Whether these were favourable to Indian agriculture system? Show reasons in support of your answer.

7+3=10

6. Discuss the pattern of occupational structure in India during the British rule. 10

Or

Explain the level of urbanization in India during 1881-1941.

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7. Critically analyze the Partition of India and its impact on industrial sector.

Or

Discuss the development of transport sector in India during pre-Independence period and its impact on industrial sector.

8. Explain the status of foreign trade growth and composition in British India.

Or

Discuss the revenue system introduced by the British imperialists in India. Briefly explain the major heads of public expenditure during that period. 6+4=10

10

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5 SEM TDC ECOH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Core)

Paper: C-11

(Indian Economy—I)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct option/Answer the following: 1×8=8
 - (a) State the meaning of self-reliance.
 - (b) Which of the following is not a demographic feature?
 - (i) Migration
 - (ii) Size and growth rates of population
 - (iii) Density of population
 - (iv) Occupational distribution of population

P23/409

- (c) What is meant by structural transformation of Indian economy?
- (d) The Indian State having the lowest infant mortality rate is
 - (i) Assam
 - (ii) Gujarat
 - (iii) Kerala
 - (iv) Mizoram
- (e) Mention the dimensions of HDI.
- (f) "A circular constellation of forces tending to act and react upon one another in such a way as to keep a poor country in a state of poverty" is a description of
 - (i) underdevelopment
 - (ii) deep-rooted poverty
 - (iii) stagnation
 - (iv) vicious circle of poverty
- (g) Define income inequality.
- (h) Which Asian country has the highest growth rate in GDP?

- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following: $4\times4=16$
 - (a) Self-reliance in the context of Indian economy
 - (b) National Population Policy
 - (c) Types of unemployment in India
 - (d) Causes of income inequality
 - (e) Development strategy of South Korea

Answer the following (within 500 words each):

3. (a) What is globalization? Explain the globalization strategies based on stabilization and structural adjustment packages. 2+6+6=14

Or

- (b) Discuss critically the goal of selfreliance based on import substitution and protection. 7+7=14
- 4. (a) Explain the size and growth rates of population in India. 7+7=14

Or

(b) What does HDI mean? Explain the measures of HDI. 2+12=14

P23/409

- 5. (a) (i) What are the causes of poverty in India?
 - (ii) Discuss critically the government's policies and measures to tackle poverty. 6+8=14

Or

(b) Write the meaning of unemployment. Explain the magnitude of rural and urban unemployment in India.

2+6+6=14

14

6. (a) Discuss India's economic interactions with special reference to Asian economies.

Or

(b) Make a comparative assessment of India's development experience with Singapore.

5 SEM TDC ECOH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ECONOMICS

(Core)

Paper: C-12

(Development Economics—I)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer:

 $1 \times 8 = 8$

- (a) Economic growth measures the
 - (i) change in labour productivity
 - (ii) structural change
 - (iii) increase in GNI per capita
 - (iv) change in technology used.

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- (b) In a situation where it is not profitable for any single producer to expand production because of market limitation, then the best strategy for the country to adopt would be
 - (i) balanced growth strategy
 - (ii) unbalanced growth strategy
 - (iii) employment growth strategy
 - (iv) None of the above
 - (c) According to Harrod-Domar model, an increase in growth rates depends on
 - (i) increase in capital output ratio
 - (ii) decrease in capital output ratio
 - (iii) increase in marginal propensity to consume
 - (iv) None of the above
 - (d) The extraction of iron ore has increased on account of demand for steel. This is an example of
 - (i) forward linkages
 - (ii) backward linkages
 - (iii) forward and backward linkages
 - (iv) None of the above

- (e) The Gini coefficient provides a measure of
 - (i) the level of poverty
 - (ii) the level of inequality
 - (iii) disguised unemployment
 - (iv) the rate of growth
- (f) "A circular constellation of forces tending to act and react upon one another in such a way as to keep a poor country in a state of poverty" is a description of
 - (i) underdevelopment
 - (ii) deep-rooted poverty
 - (iii) stagnation
 - (iv) vicious circle of poverty
- (g) Rostow defines the stage when a society has effectively applied the range of modern technology to the bulk of its resources as
 - (i) the drive to maturity
 - (ii) the precondition for take-off
 - (iii) the take-off
 - (iv) None of the above

- (h) The assumption of critical minimum effort theory is that
 - (i) if per capita income is below the critical minimum level, the economy will revert to the position of equilibrium
 - (ii) if per capita income is above the critical minimum level, the economy will be in higher equilibrium level
 - (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (iv) None of the above
- **2.** Write short notes on any *four* of the following: $4\times4=16$
 - (a) Evolution of development economics
 - (b) Choice of techniques
 - (c) Variants of Solow model
 - (d) Poverty trap
 - (e) Government regulation and corruption

3. Economic growth is not enough for economic development. Why? Discuss the major challenges confronted by development economics.
6+5=11

Or

Explain the PQLI (Physical Quality of Life Index) as a measure of economic growth.

Write the advantages and limitations of PQLI as a measure of economic development.

5+6=11

4. What is low-level equilibrium trap? Explain the four social and technological conditions conducive to low-level equilibrium trapping in UDCs. Mention three measures to overcome this trap.

2+6+3=11

Or

Distinguish between balanced and unbalanced growth strategies. Which strategy is more suitable for an underdeveloped economy? Give justification.

5+6=11

5. Describe the classical economic growth model and its relevance. 6+5=11

Or

Briefly state Romer's endogenous growth model. How does Romer's endogenous growth theory differ from traditional neoclassical model? 6+5=11

6. Measuring poverty in a single-income dimension overlooks the multifaceted nature of poverty. Give reasons. Explain the process of constructing multidimensional poverty index. 6+6=1:2

Or -

What is income inequality and how does it measure? Explain the connection between inequality and development. 2+5+5=12 7. Explain the relationship between democracy and economic development.

Or

Discuss the role and shortcomings of State owned enterprises in economic development. 6+5=11

5 SEM TDC DSE ENG (CBCS) 4 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ENGLISH

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours only)

Paper: DSE-4

(World Literatures)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Unit-I

1. Answer any one of the following:

15

 (a) Examine critically how the theme of dislocation is presented in V. S. Naipaul's A Bend in the River.

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THE PERSONAL STATE SEA CRUT STATE

- (b) How does the 'Great African River' serve as a metaphor in Naipauls' novel? Discuss.
- (c) What are the grounds for Salim's cynicism against the Presidents' utopian vision of the Domain in A Bend in the River? Examine critically.
- 2. Answer briefly any one of the following:
 - (a) Write briefly on the symbolic significance of 'water hyacinths' in A Bend in the River.

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- (b) Present a character sketch of Raymond.
- (c) "In good times or bad we lived with the knowledge that we were expendable, that our labour might at any moment go to waste, that we ourselves might be smashed up, and that others would replace us. To us that was the painful part, that others would come at the better time."

Examine briefly the significance of this statement.

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UNIT—II

- 3. Answer any one of the following:
- 15
- (a) How is patriarchal oppression of marginalized indigenous women presented in Marie Clements' play, The Unnatural and Accidental Women? Discuss.
- (b) Examine critically the form and technique of Marie Clements' play.
- (c) How is female resistance against toxic masculinity depicted in Marie Clements' play?
- **4.** Answer/Write briefly on any *one* of the following:
 - (a) Discuss briefly the characterization of Rebecca in The Unnatural and Accidental Women.
 - (b) Treatment of violence in Marie Clements' play
 - (c) Racism in Marie Clements' play

UNIT-III

J.	MI	swer any one of the following:	15
	(a)	Examine how the dangers of narrow mindedness are presented in Antoine de Saint-Exupéry's <i>The Little Prince</i> .	
	(b)	Discuss Saint-Exupéry's The Little Prince as a satire on humanity.	
	(c)	Examine Julio Cortázar's short story, <i>Blow-Up</i> as a metafictional narrative.	
	(d)	Discuss the problem of the narrator in Blow-Up.	
6.	Wri	te briefly on any one of the following:	5
	(a)	Symbolism in The Little Prince	·
	(b)	Significance of the clouds in Blow-Up	
	(c)	Treatment of reality versus fiction in Blow-Up	
	• .		· .

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7. Answer any one of the following:

15

- (a) Discuss critically the impact of European settlement on aboriginal culture and people from your reading of Judith Wright's poem, Bora Ring.
- (b) Examine critically the treatment of spirituality and its impact on traditional African life from your reading of Gabriel Okara's poem, Mystic Drum.
- (c) Examine critically the symbolic significance of Kishwar Naheed's poem, The Grass is Really Like Me.
- (d) How does Shu Ting's poem, Assembly Line reflect upon the death of creativity and individual liberty? Examine.
- 8. Answer briefly any one of the following:
 - (a) "Dismembered trunks and heads, Severed membranes, nerves, Are tangled threads wrapped in blood,

Freezing in ice or clotted with mud."

Discuss the implications of the above lines from your reading of Jean Arasanayagam's poem, Two Dead Soldiers.

- (b) Examine the significance of the title, Two Dead Soldiers.
- (c) How is the African indigenous culture presented in Okara's poem, Mystic Drum? Examine.
- (d) "That's how they make way for the mighty But they are merely straw not grass The grass is really like me'."

Discuss the implications of the above lines from your reading of Kishwar Naheed's poem.

5 SEM TDC DSE ENG (CBCS) 3 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ENGLISH

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-3

(Literary Criticism)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT—I

- 1. Answer any *one* of the following questions:
 - (a) "A poet is a man speaking to men."
 Elaborate on Wordsworth's definition of poet from the above statement.

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- (b) Discuss Wordsworth's concept of poetic diction in the light of the language used by common man in actual usage.
- (c) "A poem is that species of composition which is opposed to works of science, by proposing for its immediate object pleasure, not truth."

Critically examine Coleridge's views on poetry in the light of the above statement.

- (d) Discuss Coleridge's views on imagination and fancy as elaborated in Biographia Literaria.
- 2. Answer any one of the following questions:
 - (a) What was Wordsworth's principal object in the poems chosen for The Lyrical Ballads?

(b) What according to Wordsworth is the end of poetry?

(c) Define Coleridge's notion of 'willing suspension of disbelief'.

UNIT-II

3. Answer any *one* of the following questions:

15

(a) "Let us record the atoms as they fall upon the mind in the order in which they fall, let us trace the pattern, however disconnected and incoherent in appearance, which each sight or incident scores upon the consciousness."

Discuss Woolf's concept of the modern novel in the light of the above statement.

(b) "Poetry is not a turning loose of emotion, but an escape from emotion; it is not the expression of personality." Discuss with detailed reference to Tradition and the Individual Talent.

P23/550

(Turn Over)

5

- (c) Discuss Eliot's dismissal of Middleton Murry's comments on his critical views.
- **4.** Answer briefly any *one* of the following: 5
 - (a) What does Virginia Woolf seem to discern in 'every great Russian writer'?
 - (b) Discuss Eliot's view of 'historical sense'.
 - (c) What is the chief quality required from a good critic, as discussed by Eliot, in *The Function of Criticism*?

UNIT-III

- **5.** Answer any *one* of the following questions:
 - (a) What are the fallacies of the aesthetic state that I. A. Richards points out in *The Phantom of Aesthetic?*

- (b) What are the problems associated with criticism that I. A. Richards discusses in *The Chaos of Critical Theories*?
- (c) Elucidate on the four functions or kinds of meaning and the interplay of the four kinds of meaning in the usage of language.
- **6.** Answer briefly any *one* of the following questions:
 - (a) Why does Richards say that aesthetic experiences are not sui generis?
 - (b) How does Richards differentiate between scientific and emotive use of language by discussing the usage of the word 'truth'?
 - (c) Comment briefly on Richards' concept of 'tone'.

5

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UNIT-IV

- **7.** Answer any *one* of the following questions:
 - e
 - (a) How does Cleanth Brooks emphasize upon the problem of paraphrasing through the oneness of form and content in poetry?
 - (b) Why does Brooks emphasize that a poem should be studied in terms of its structure?
 - (c) "What second wave criticism did achieve was to place literature in historical and social frameworks and point to the gendered, and sometimes sexist features of those frames."

 Elaborate on the concept of second wave feminism in the light of the above statement with reference to any one text analyzed by Maggie Humm in Practising Feminist Criticism: An Introduction.
 - (d) Discuss Jean Rhys' Wide Sargasso Sea as a Third World feminist text.

- **8.** Write briefly on any *one* of the following:
 - (a) Irony and its nature and significance
 - (b) Brooks' concept of paradox with reference to Keats' Ode on a Grecian Urn
 - (c) Marlow's treatment of Africa as a female stereotype

5 SEM TDC ENGH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ENGLISH (Core)

Paper: C-11

Women's Writing)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

1. Answer any one of the following questions:

Dickinson.

Discuss, with reference to the poems, I cannot live with you and I'm wife—I've finished that, the contrast in the treatment of marriage by Emily

15

- (b) Sylvia Plath's confessional poetry takes liberties with 'truth' in order to explore her subjective and emotional states. Analyze with reference to the poems, Daddy and Lady Lazarus.
- (c) How does Eunice de Souza portray women's emotions through the poems, Advice to Women and Bequest?

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2.	Answer	briefly	any	one	of	the	following
	question	ıs:					

5

- (a) Why does Emily Dickinson consider 'death' as a privilege?
- (b) What does Sylvia Plath's description of her father as a statue reveal about her relationship with him?
- (c) "That stare of perpetual surprise in those great green eyes will teach you to die alone."

What do 'great green eyes' symbolize?

UNIT--II

3. Answer any one of the following questions:

15

- (a) How does Alice Walker rewrite the identity and history of Africans and African-Americans through Nettie's trip to Africa?
- (b) Examine the factors that led to the change in relationship between Albert and Celie in *The Color Purple* at the end of the novel.
- (c) Critically analyze the representation of rape in *The Color Purple*.
- **4.** Answer briefly any *one* of the following questions:

5

(a) What does the way the community reacts to Shug's illness say about the status of women?

- (b) Discuss the significance of calling Albert as 'Mr' by Celie in *The Color Purple*.
- (c) Attempt a character sketch of Nettie.

UNIT-III

- **5.** Answer any *one* of the following questions: 15
 - (a) "Why there's John at the door!
 It is no use, young man, you can't open it!"

 Comment on the significance of the woman's tone in speaking to her husband just as she 'descends into madness'.
 - (b) Critically analyze Charlotte Perkins Gilman's The Yellow Wallpaper through the use of the trope 'madwoman in the attic'.
 - (c) In *Draupadi*, Mahasweta Devi uses the body as a site of resistance to 'counter' violence in various forms. Discuss.
 - (d) Examine the significance of Mahasweta Devi's naming of the story as *Draupadi* while talking about a tribal rebel.
- **6.** Answer briefly any *one* of the following questions:
 - (a) How is the yellow wallpaper a representative of the domestic sphere?
 - (b) What role does Jennie play in The Yellow Wallpaper?

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- (c) Nakedness as a countermeasure to male power in *Draupadi* Discuss.
- (d) Attempt a character sketch of Senanayak in *Draupadi*

UNIT-IV

- 7. Answer any one of the following questions:
 - (a) Why does Mary Wollstonecraft describe women's condition as a state of 'splendid slavery' in A Vindication of the Rights of Woman?

15

5

- (b) Discuss Pandita Ramabai's conversion both as a rejection of Hinduism as well as a journey towards selfhood.
- (c) Critically discuss Nineteenth Century Bengal's patriarchal dominance with reference to Rassundari Devi's autobiography, Amar Jiban.
- **8.** Write notes on/Answer any one of the following:
 - (a) Wollstonecraft's views regarding a good marriage
 - (b) Pandita Ramabai's education at home
 - (c) What consolation does Rassundari Devi's mother offer at her farewell after marriage?

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5 SEM TDC ENGH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

ENGLISH

(Core)

Paper: C-12

(British Literature : The Early 20th Century)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

- 1. Answer any one of the following questions:
 - (a) Critically evaluate the hidden horrors that Marlow encounters on his trip up the River Congo to rescue Kurtz.
 - (b) Examine critically Joseph Conrad's Heart of Darkness as a mythical journey of Marlow, in quest of the self to bring back a new truth.
 - (c) Comment critically on the portrayal of Mr. Kurtz in *Heart of Darkness*.

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(Turn Over)

15

2. Answer briefly any one of the following

questions:

(a) Discuss the symbolic significance of ivory in Heart of Darkness. Attempt a brief character sketch of the Manager in the Central Station in Heart of Darkness. Discuss the representation of female characters in Heart of Darkness. UNIT—II **3.** Answer any *one* of the following questions: (a) Write an analytical note on the use of symbols in Lawrence's Sons and Lovers. Would you consider Lawrence's Sons and Lovers as a realist modernist novel? Give arguments to support your answer. Critically evaluate the character of Gertrude Morel in the context of her relationship with Paul and Walter Morel. 4. Answer briefly any one of the following questions: 5 Write a critical note on the theme of

class-conflict as delineated in the novel.

Sons and Lovers.

- (b) Attempt a brief character sketch of Baxter Dawes in Sons and Lovers.
- (c) Explain in brief the significance of the title of the novel, Sons and Lovers.

UNIT---III

- **5.** Answer any *one* of the following questions:
 - (a) How did Virginia Woolf succeed in creating the illusion of many lives lived simultaneously, of a specific place and a sense of community, in Mrs. Dalloway? Explain with illustration from the text.
 - (b) Discuss Virginia Woolf's narrative technique in the novel, Mrs. Dalloway.
 - (c) Discuss critically how symbols are used to create meaning beyond words in Virginia Woolf's novel, Mrs. Dalloway.
- **6.** Answer any *one* of the following questions :
 - (a) Explain, in brief, the significance of Clarissa's party in Mrs. Dalloway.
 - (b) Attempt a character sketch of Hugh Whitbread from your reading of Mrs. Dalloway.
 - (c) Write a note on the treatment of love in Mrs. Dalloway.

5

UNIT----IV

- 7. Answer any one of the following questions:
- 15
- (a) Attempt a critical analysis of Yeats' poem, Leda and the Swan.
- (b) Evaluate Yeats' The Second Coming as an apocalyptic poem.
- (c) Examine critically the use of symbols and imagery in The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock.
- 8. Answer any one of the following questions:

5

- (a) Write a note on the underlying theme of Yeats' poem Leda and the Swan.
- (b) Explain, in brief, the poem, No Second Troy as a commentary on the political concerns of Maud Gonne.
- (c) Explain with reference to the context the following lines:

"Shape without form, shade without colour Paralysed force, gesture without motion:"

motion;"

* * *

5 SEM TDC HISH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Core)

Paper: C-11

[History of Europe—I (1780-1919)]

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions in *one* word or in *one* sentence each: 1×8=8
 - (a) In which year was Napoleon declared as the Emperor of France?
 - (b) Name the President of the Vienna Congress in 1815.
 - (c) What is Zollverein?
 - (d) Why did the Industrial Revolution first begin in England?

(e)	Write the name of the person who was
	known as the Beating Heart of Italy'.

- (f) Which country was known as 'Sickman of Europe'?
- (g) In which year was the 1st Balkan War fought?
- (h) Who created Fourteen Points?
- **2.** Write short notes on any *three* of the following: $4\times3=12$
 - (a) Code of Napoleon
 - (b) Congress of Aix-la-Chapelle, 1818
 - (c) Putting out system
 - (d) Bismark
 - (e) Consequences of the First World War
- 3. Make an analysis of the social and economic condition of the French people in the time of 'Ancient Regime'. 6+6=12

Or

Discuss the causes leading to the outbreak of the French Revolution. 4. Critically examine the principles of the Vienna Settlement of 1815.

Or

What do you mean by the 'Metternich System'? Assess the role of Metternich for the Restoration of Conservatism in Europe between 1815 and 1848.

12

12

12

5. Write a note on the origin and background of the Industrial Revolution.

Or

Make a note on the evolution of social classes in Europe during 19th and 20th centuries.

6. Discuss the causes behind the growth of nationalism in Ireland.

Or

Write in brief about the popular movements which took place in the Balkans in the 19th and 20th centuries.

7. Discuss the circumstances how the whole Europe was divided into two camps before the First World War.

Or

Write a note on the re-unification of Italy.

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5 SEM TDC HISH (CBCS) C 11

5 SEM TDC HISH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

HISTORY

(Core)

Paper: C-12

[History of India-VII (1750-1857)]

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Answer the following questions either in one word or in one sentence each: 1×8=8
 - (i) Who was the first Viceroy of India?
 - (ii) In which year the Treaty of Pondicherry was signed?
 - (iii) Who established the Sanskrit College at Varanasi?

P23/412

(iν)	In	W	hich	ye	ar	the	first	railway	line
	wa	ıs	laid	in	In	dia?			

- (v) In which year the Battle of Buxar took place?
- (vi) Who introduced Police Code' in Colonial India?
- (vii) In which year the Treaty of Seringapatam was signed?
- (viii) Who was the founder of the Asiatic Society of Bengal?
- (b) Write short notes on any three from the following: 4×3=12
 - (i) Orientalism
 - (ii) Subsidiary Alliance
 - (iii) Ryotwari System
 - (iv) Indigo Rebellion
 - (v) Wood's Despatch
- 2. Discuss the debate on the eighteenth century amongst historians. Which arguments do you find convincing? 8+4=12

Or

What steps were taken by the British to seize and consolidate their control over India? 12

 Assess the role of ideologies and circumstances in shaping British policies in India.

Or

12

12

Discuss the evolution of indigenous and modern education in Colonial India.

 Discuss the causes of the famines of India during the time of the British up to 1857.

Ot

Discuss the causes and consequences of the commercialization of agriculture in India.

5. Was India de-industrialized during the Colonial period? Discuss briefly.

Or

How did British drain the resources from India? Was the 'Drain of Wealth' a curse to India? 8+4=12

6. Discuss the causes and effects of the Santhal Rebellion.

Or

Examine the nature of the Revolt of 1857. Do you agree with the view that freedom struggle in India began since the 1857 Revolt? 8+4=12

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5 SEM TDC DSE EDN (CBCS) 1 (H)/5 (NH)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours and Non-Honours)

Paper: DSE-1 (H)/5 (NH)

(Guidance and Counselling)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা :

 $1 \times 8 = 8$

Answer the following questions:

- (a) নিৰ্দেশনাৰ যি কোনো এটা নীতি উল্লেখ কৰা।

 Mention any one principle of guidance.
- (b) প্ৰাক্-বিদ্যালয় স্তৰত শৈক্ষিক নিৰ্দেশনাৰ এটা কাৰ্য লিখা।
 Write a function of educational guidance
 at pre-school level.

- (c) পৰামৰ্শ প্ৰদানৰ এটা নীতি উল্লেখ কৰা।

 State one principle of counselling.
- (d) প্ৰত্যক্ষ পৰামৰ্শদানৰ এটা অসুবিধা লিখা।
 Write one demerit of directive counselling.
- (e) পৰামৰ্শ সেৱাত ব্যৱহাৰ কৰা যি কোনো এটা সঁজুলিৰ নাম লিখা।
 Name any one tool used in counselling services.
- (f) গাইগুটীয়া বা ব্যক্তিগত পৰামৰ্শদানৰ এটা উদ্দেশ্য লিখা।
 Write one purpose of individual counselling.
- (g) বৃত্তিমূলক নির্দেশনা মানে কি?
 What is vocational guidance?
- (h) বিদ্যালয়ত নির্দেশনা আৰু প্রাম্পান কার্যসূচীর এটা প্রয়োজনীয় বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ করা।
 Mention one essential feature of guidance and counselling programme in school.
- 2. তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা : 4×5=20
 Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) বিদ্যালয়ত নিৰ্দেশনাৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা Need of guidance in school
 - (b) প্ৰোক্ষ প্ৰাম্প্দানৰ সীমাবদ্ধতাসমূহ Limitations of non-directive counselling

- (c) দলীয় পৰামৰ্শদানৰ সুবিধাসমূহ Merits of group counselling
- (d) নিৰ্দেশনা আৰু প্ৰামৰ্শদানৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত সগুখীন হোৱা প্ৰত্যাহ্বানসমূহ Challenges faced in guidance and counselling
- (e) পৰামৰ্শদান প্ৰক্ৰিয়াত পৰামৰ্শদাতাৰ ভূমিকা Role of counsellor in counselling process
- 3. নিৰ্দেশনাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। ইয়াৰ প্ৰকৃতি আৰু পৰিসৰ বৰ্ণনা কৰা। 2+(4+4)=10 Define guidance. Describe its nature and scope.

অথবা / Or

নিৰ্দেশনা মানে কি? মাধ্যমিক শিক্ষাৰ পৰ্যায়ত নিৰ্দেশনাৰ প্ৰয়োজনীয়তা সম্পৰ্কে আলোচনা কৰা। 2+8=10 What is guidance? Discuss the importance of guidance at secondary education level.

- 4. অপসমাযোজন মানে কি? অপসমাযোজনৰ পাঁচটা কাৰণ
 আলোচনা কৰা। সমাযোজন আৰু অপসমাযোজনৰ মাজত
 পাৰ্থক্য লিখা। 2+5+3=10
 What is maladjustment? Discuss five causes
 of maladjustment. Write the difference
 between adjustment and maladjustment.
- 5. (a) প্ৰতিমানীকৃত অভীক্ষা মানে কি? প্ৰতিমানীকৃত অভীক্ষাৰ সঁজুলি হিচাপে সাধাৰণ কৃতিত্ব অভীক্ষাৰ গুৰুত্ব ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। 2+3=5

What is standardized test? Explain the importance of general achievement test as a tool of standardized test.

(b) সাক্ষাৎকাৰৰ কৌশল আৰু পৰামৰ্শদাতাৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে লিখা। Write about the techniques of interview and role of the counsellor.

5

- 6. (a) শৈক্ষিক নিৰ্দেশনাৰ অৰ্থ লিখা। শৈক্ষিক নিৰ্দেশনাৰ পাঁচটা বৈশিষ্ট্য আলোচনা কৰা। 2+4=6 Write the meaning of educational guidance. Discuss five characteristics of educational guidance.
 - (b) শৈক্ষিক আৰু বৃত্তিমূলক নিৰ্দেশনাৰ সম্বন্ধ সম্পৰ্কে লিখা। 5 Write the relationship between educational and vocational guidance.
- 7. প্রাথমিক শিক্ষা স্তবত নির্দেশনা আৰু প্রমর্শদান সেৱা সংগঠনব নীতিসমূহ আলোচনা করা। 11 Discuss the principles of organization of guidance and counselling at elementary education level.

অথবা / Or ,

বিদ্যালয়ত শিক্ষার্থী, শিক্ষক আৰু পিতৃ-মাতৃৰ বাবে নির্দেশনা সেৱাৰ প্রয়োজনীয়তা আলোচনা কৰা। 4+4+3=11 Discuss the need of guidance services for students, teachers and parents in school.

5 SEM TDC DSE EDN (CBCS) 1 (H)/5 (NH)

5 SEM TDC DSE EDN (CBCS) 4 (H)

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Discipline Specific Elective)

(For Honours)

Paper: DSE-4

(Mental Health Issues)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following questions:
- $1 \times 8 = 8$
- (a) Mention one criterion of a mentally healthy person.
- (b) Who wrote the book, A Mind That Found Itself?
- (c) "Home is an original starting point of education." Who said this statement?

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- (d) Mention one social quality of healthy home environment.
- (e) Mention one function of school for mental health.
- (f) Who was the father of positive psychology?
- (g) From which language was the word 'resilience' derived?
- (h) What is Pranayama?
- 2. Write short notes on the following: 4×5=20
 - (a) Principles of mental hygiene
 - (b) Causes of maladjustment
 - (c) Role of family in maintaining mental health of the child
 - (d) Steps of forgiveness
 - (e) Effect of meditation on mental health
- 3. Define mental health. Explain the classification of abnormal behaviour. 2+8=10
- **4.** What is frustration? Discuss the causes of frustration. 3+7=10

Or

Write the principles of good mental health and describe any one factor affecting mental health.

5+5=10

5. What are the qualities of healthy home environment? Discuss the role of teacher for maintaining mental health of the student.
5+5=10

6. Describe the meaning, nature and scope of positive psychology. 3+3+5=11

Or

Define gratitude. How can gratitude be practised? Explain it. 4+7=11

7. What is Yoga? Discuss the Yogic principles for healthy living. 3+8=11

5 SEM TDC EDNH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION

(Core)

Paper: C-11

(Education in Post-Independent India)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions:

1×8=8

- (a) Write one aim of university education as recommended by the University Education Commission, 1948–49.
- (b) What is the full form of ECCE?
- (c) Who was the Chairperson of the Secondary Education Commission, 1952–53?

(Turn Over)

	(d)	Mention one recommendation of the National Education Commission, 1964–66 on teaching methods.	(b)	Discuss briefly the recommendations of the University Education Commission, 1948-49 on vocational education.	. 5
	(e)	What is Navodaya Vidyalaya?		Or	
	(f) (g)	Write the full form of POA. When was the NAAC established?		Prepare a note on the examination reforms as recommended by the University Education Commission, 1948–49.	5
2.		Mention one objective of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan. te short notes on any four of the owing: 5×4=20	the 1964 struc	cribe elaborately the recommendations of National Education Commission, 1–66 with reference to educational cture, school curriculum and teacher cation. 4+4+5=	13
	(a)	The Preamble of the Indian Constitution		Or	
	(b)	Education and National Objectives Adiseshiah Committee Report, 1978	. (a)	Discuss the recommendations of the Secondary Education Commission, 1952–53 on the improvement of teaching staff.	7
	(d)	Role of NCTE	(b)	Explain the implications of the	•
	(e)	Functions of RUSA		Secondary Education Commission, 1952-53 in the present education system.	6
3.	(a)	Write the constitutional provisions on education for women and secularism in education. 4+4=8	• •	Discuss the salient features of the National Policy on Education, 1968.	7
P23/	413	(Continued)	P23/ 413	(Turn Over	_

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(b) Write the recommendations of the Ishwarbhai Patel Review Committee, 1977.

6

Or

Describe the resolutions adopted in the Revised National Policy on Education, 1992.

- 6. (a) When was the RMSA launched in India?

 Discuss the major functions of the RMSA.

 1+6=7
 - (b) Who was the Chairperson of the NKC?

 Describe the recommendations of the

 NKC for higher education. 1+5=6

Or

Describe the role of NUEPA in the development of the Indian Education System.

6

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5 SEM TDC EDNH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

EDUCATION (Core)

Paper: C-12

(Education in World Perspective)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions:

1×8=8

- (a) Who is regarded as the father of the second phase of comparative education?
- (b) Mention one advantage of psychological method of comparative education.
- (c) What is the meaning of 'Sensui' in Japanese language?

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- (d) Who is the Chairman of NPE, 2020?
- (e) In which year do the children enter into the primary stage of education in UK?
- (f) What is the main feature of the comprehensive school in USA?
- (g) Who established University of the Air?
- (h) In which year the Fundamental Law of Education was published?
- 2. What is the National System of Education?

 How do linguistic and secular factors affect
 in the development of the National System of
 Education?

 3+5+5=13
- 3. Describe the following methods of studying the National System of Education with their merits and demerits: 6+7=13
 - (a) Descriptive method
 - (b) Scientific method
- 4. Describe the salient features of Japanese education. Write a detailed note on the secondary education system in Japan with special reference to its curriculum. 6+7=13

Or

Discuss about the organizations and curriculum of secondary education in USA and India. 6+7=13

5. Make a comparative analysis on the teacher education of UK and India.

Or

Compare the technical and vocational education of USA and Japan.

- **6.** Write short notes on the following: $5\times4=20$
 - (a) Objectives of the National System of Education in USA
 - (b) Traveller's Tales
 - (c) Primary education of UK
 - (d) Open and distance education in India

5 SEM TDC PSCH (CBCS) C 11

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Core)

Paper: C-11

(Classical Political Philosophy)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed:
- 1×8≈8.
- (a) When was Mary Wollstonecraft's book, The Vindication of the Rights of Women published?
- (b) Who is the author of the book, Decline of Modern Political Theory?
- (c) Plato was a realist/idealist/rationalist /Marxist.

(Choose the correct answer)

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Answer the following questions (within 500 words

(d) According to Aristotle, the best form of government democracy/polity/ monarchy/oligarchy.

(Choose the correct answer)

- Who is the author of the book, The Statesman?
- Thomas Hobbes was a supporter of limited monarchy/absolute monarchy/ sovereignty/parliamentary popular democracy.

(Choose the correct answer)

John Locke was a French Philosopher / an English Philosopher / an American Philosopher / a German Philosopher.

(Choose the correct answer)

The concept of 'legal sovereignty' was given by Hobbes / John Locke / Rousseau /Bentham.

(Choose the correct answer)

- 2. Write on the following (within 150 words $4 \times 4 = 16$ each):
 - Plato's theory of justice
 - Causes of revolution (Aristotle)
 - Machiavelli's views on human nature
 - Thomas Hobbes's ideas on state of nature

each)):					
3.	Critically discuss post-modernist approach to the interpretation of text.	12				
	Or					
	Evaluate Straussian approach to the interpretation of text.	12				
4.	Who is philosopher king? Explain Plato's views on the rule of philosopher king. 3+8=11					
	Or					
	Critically analyze Aristotle's theory of the State.	11				
5.	Discuss Machiavelli's concept of virtue.	11				
	Or					
	Explain Machiavelli's views on republicanism.	11				
6.	Evaluate Thomas Hobbes's ideas on human nature.	11				
	Or					
	Critically discuss social contract theory of Hobbes.	11				
	(Thurn O					

7. Describe John Locke's views on property. 11
 Or
 Analyze John Locke's concept of natural rights. 11

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5 SEM TDC PSCH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Core)

Paper : C-12

(Indian Political Thought—I)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed: $1 \times 8 = 8$
 - (a) _____ is called as the father of Indian polity.

(Fill in the blank)

- (b) What is the meaning of Tripitaka?
- (c) Who said himself as 'at once the child of Allah and of Rama'?
- (d) There are ____ chapters in Manusmriti.

 (Fill in the blank)

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			•			
	(e)	Who was the only female Muslim ruler of the Delhi Sultanate?		4.	Discuss the concept of Rajadharma as portrayed in the 'Shantiparva'.	11
	(f)	Kabir's poems are known as			Or	
	(g)	(Fill in the blank) Which is the oldest Veda?	1		Discuss the powers and functions of King as depicted in Kautilya's Arthashastra.	
	(h)	How many volumes are there in Ain-i-Akbari?	i	5.	Critically discuss the status of women as depicted by Manu in the Manusmriti.	11
2.	Write short notes on (within 150 words				Or	
	•		4=16		Describe Manu's idea on State and	
					Government.	
	(b)	Kautilya's views on Statecraft	nu's views on social order Aggannasutta.	Discuss the theory of kingship as per		
	(c)	Manu's views on social order				11
	(d)	Differences between the philosophy of Kautilya and Machiavelli	ī.		Or Critically discuss the concept of ideal polity viewed by Ziauddin Barani.	
Ansv each		ne following questions (within 500 words	e e e	7.	Critically discuss Kabir's philosophy of syncretism.	11.
3. Discuss the different streams of Islamic		•		Or		
	tradition in India.		12		Discuss Abul Fazl's contribution to the Indian political thought.	
		cuss Ashoka's contribution in the elopment of Buddhism.			***	